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Data Logger for the 34-Meter Vertical Axis Wind Turbine Test Bed

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Introduction

Sandia National Laboratories, as the lead laboratory for vertical axis wind turbine (VAWT) technology development in the United States, has built a 34-m-diameter research-oriented VAWT, called the Test Bed, at Bushland, Texas. The acquisition and reduction of various types of data are obviously very important for such a machine. Based on our experiences on previous machines, we decided to use a mini-computer-controlled data acquisition and analysis system (DAAS) to obtain detailed short-term turbine performance and response data (Akins 1978, Akins et al. 1987, Stiefeld 1978). The DAAS is described in Berg et al. 1988. However, we also decided to develop a minicomputer-controlled data logger to obtain long-term data to characterize the wind at the site of the turbine, record performance data of the control system, obtain a continuous record of events at the test site, consolidate displays for the test engineer and provide a display of current information for visitors to the site.

The data logger is implemented on a Hewlett Packard HP 1000 A600 mini-computer. Software programs collect data from 35 channels, display the collected data, and record the data on a hard disk. The system has been in operation at the site since March of 1986.

This report discusses the purpose and the requirements that were established for the data logger. Both the hardware and software that make up the data logger are also described, and operator instructions, operating system commands, and procedure files are appended to it.

Purpose

At the test site, the data logger collects data to characterize the wind, validates long-term control system performance, provides a continuous record of events, displays pertinent real-time data for the test engineer, and displays data for visitors to the site.

The energy input to a wind turbine is defined by the speed and density of the air entering the turbine's swept area. The density of the air is a function of the barometric pressure and air temperature. To characterize the wind at the Test Bed site, the data logger monitors nine wind-speed and seven wind-direction sensors, and two ambient-temperature sensors. Most of the atmospheric instrumentation is located on an existing 48-m meteorological tower located 150 meters from the turbine. The meteorological tower supports wind speed and direction sensors at 10 meters, 20 meters, 30 meters, 40 meters and 48 meters and ambient temperature sensors at 10 meters and 48 meters. The five stations were selected to provide data on the wind shear at the site. Four additional wind speed and direction sensors are located on anemometer towers at turbine equator height (30 meters) two diameters upwind from the turbine in the two most predominant wind directions. Data from these anemometer towers will provide wind speed data that is highly correlated with the actual wind that the turbine is seeing. A barometric pressure sensor is also located at the site.

The data logger will record wind speed, turbine rpm, and power produced. The average wind speed and the corresponding maximum energy available can then be calculated from this stored data. The performance of the turbine control system can then be evaluated by comparing the actual energy produced with the available energy over a given time period.

The data logger records data from the site and turbine instrumentation whenever the instrumentation is operating. Daily reports are printed showing the average wind speed and direction for each sensor. Unreasonable discrepancies between the instruments can indicate the degradation of an instrument's accuracy. This record allows the test engineer to make informed decisions on when an instrument needs to be recalibrated or repaired.

Previous Sandia test installations have used various displays to provide the test engineer with real-time information about test conditions. Each of these displays had to be calibrated independent of the calibration of the data being recorded by the DAAS. Because of this, the information was not presented in a clear and concise manner and extra time was required to calibrate the displays. The data logger provides a real-time display of the wind and turbine's status. The display is updated every three seconds. A typical display screen is shown in Appendix A. The data logger's display can be easily modified to reflect changing test requirements. New instruments can be added to the display as test requirements require new measurements. Other instruments can be deleted when they are no longer needed. Since the data logger is calibrated in the same manner as the DAAS, calibration time has been reduced. The calibration of the DAAS and data logger only require changing values stored in a calibration table on the computer.

A menu-driven display program is available for researchers and visitors to the site. This display program lists current average ambient and turbine data in System International and British Engineering units. This display is updated every 10 seconds. Typical display screens are shown in Appendix A. Also available are plots of the same data showing the performance and conditions over the last 3-minutes, 18-minutes, 1-hour, 24-hour, and one-week period. The researcher can select one to three channels to be displayed from menus. Typical plots available from the data logger are also shown in Appendix A.

Requirements

The data logger's primary requirement is to sample all 35 channels every 500 milliseconds. All of these channels are displayed on the system and display consoles. Twenty-five are stored on the hard disk. Since the data logger operates continuously except during routine maintenance, the amount of data collected would be impractical to store without reducing the data first. One-minute time intervals were selected as being a reasonable compromise for data storage. The one-minute time intervals provide sufficient resolution for the data analysis that is being undertaken.

The 25 channels that are logged are averaged, and the standard deviation is calculated over a one-minute time period. The collected one-minute averages and standard deviations are stored on a daily basis as integers. A calibration table for converting the data to engineering units is appended as a header to each day's record. Results stored on disk as integer values reduce the amount of storage space by almost half with respect to storing floating point values. This storage format was compatible with the existing data reduction programs utilized to analyze the data collected by the DAAS.

It is necessary to sample the data as quickly as possible in order to obtain an accurate average value and standard deviation. The sample rate also has to allow time for the data logger to complete the other tasks that it has to accomplish. A sample rate of reading all 25 channels every 500 milliseconds (2 Hz) has proven adequate to obtain the resolution required and leave sufficient time to compute averages and standard deviations, to store and display data.

Hardware

The data logger hardware consists of a mini computer with a hard disk, 40-channel analog-to-digital converter (ADC), two monochrome terminals, and two printers.

The computer is a Hewlett Packard (HP) 1000-series A600 mini-computer with 1024 kilobytes (512 kilowords) of random access memory. There are three input/output boards in the computer; an eight-channel RS232 communication port multiplexer for connecting the system console and display terminal to the computer, and two HPIB (IEEE 488) cards for communicating with the hard disk and the system printer. The computer also contains the analog-to-digital converter and a 25-kHz power supply that is used by the ADC. The A600 was chosen as the least expensive computer that could perform the required task and easily maintain compatibility with the existing DAAS.

The storage device is a HP 7942A 24 megabyte disk drive with a 1/4-inch cartridge tape. The disk drive is divided into three logical units (LU). The first LU is utilized for the operating system as scratch disk space. The second LU contains the operating system and application programs. The third LU is utilized to store the data collected by the data logger. Once a month the data stored on the hard disk are transferred to streaming tape for archiving the data and for transferring the data to other computers for data analysis. The backed-up data are then deleted from the disk drive to provide room for another month's worth of data.

An HP 12060B eight-channel analog differential input card and an HP 12061A 32-channel analog differential input expansion card are used to digitize the analog data. These cards provide up to 40 channels of data with 12-bit resolution. The gain of the analog input card can be set for signals with the following ranges and specifications:

Table I ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER SPECIFICATIONS

ADC GAIN	1	2	3	4
FULL SCALE RANGE	+/-10.24V	+/-5.12V	+/-2.56V	+/-1.28V
RESOLUTION	5mV	2.5mV	1.25mV	0.625mV
TEMPERATURE COEF	+/-0.38mV/C	+/-0.38mV/C	+/-0.095mV/C	+/-0.048mV/C

All of the input channels have been set to a gain of 2, which accepts analog inputs from -5.12 to +5.12 volts. A 5.12-V input signal is represented in the computer as an integer of 32000, and a -5.12-V input is represented as -32000. Each 2.5-mV change in an analog input signal will correspond to a change of 1 in the integer value represented in the computer. The input signal will drift less than 0.38 mV for any temperature change of 1 degree celsius in the ADC.

The system console and display terminal are both HP 150 terminals. The terminals are monochrome graphics terminals with screen resolution of 390 X 512 pixels, allowing 500 data points to be plotted.

Software

The HP 1000 mini-computer is controlled by the Real Time Executive (RTE-A) operating system. RTE-A is a real-time operating system, allowing for software programs to be scheduled to run at specified times and with the ability to give programs differing priorities. All of the programs were written in FORTRAN 77, using HP 1000 extensions for scheduling programs and handling input/output operations. The HP 1000 Device-independent Graphics Library (DGL) is used for plotting the data on the display screen (Hewlett-Packard 1984).

The data logger software controls the computer in performing the following tasks: collecting data from the A/D card, reducing the collected data by averaging the points over time, storing the reduced data, and displaying the data on the two terminals. The real-time nature of the operating system allows for scheduling various programs to run at specific time intervals as well as at specific times of day. The program GETDA is scheduled to run every 500 milliseconds. This program collects data from the analog to digital converter (ADC) and reduces the data into averages and standard deviations. To store the data, the program DAILY runs at 2400 hours every night. To prevent storing from interrupting the collection of data, the GETDA program is run at a higher priority than the DAILY program. Two programs, MENU and DISPL, display data for the test engineer and visitors to the site. These two display programs run at even lower priorities than the GETDA and DAILY program. Other programs on the data logger include INITIAL, which sets up the data arrays and schedules the programs GETDA, DAILY and DISPL; program PLOT, which retrieves and plots previously stored data; and program ADCAL, which is used to update calibration factors for the analog inputs.

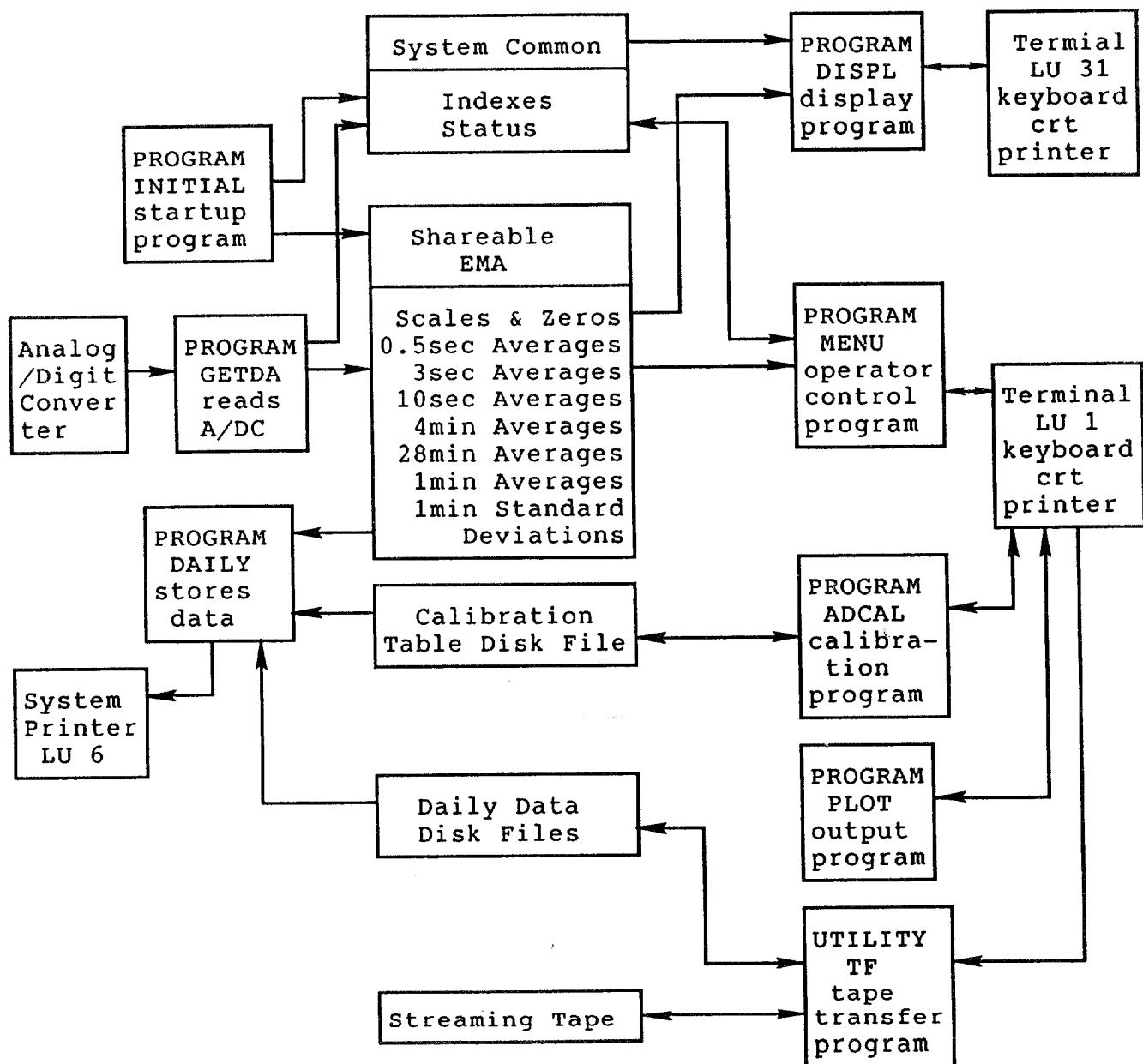
The programs INITIAL, GETDA, DAILY, DISPL, and MENU communicate with each other by utilizing system common for program and data parameters and sharable extended memory area (EMA) for large data arrays. EMA allows data arrays larger than 512 words (1/2 kiloword) to be used. The data logger requires more than 200 kilowords of memory for storing the reduced data. Since the EMA arrays are sharable between programs, the various programs can all access the same data arrays. Figure 1 shows graphically how the programs interact with the data in memory. Following are more detailed descriptions of the programs.

Program INITIAL is scheduled to run by the system whenever the computer is booted, or may be run by the test engineer to re-initialize the data logger. This program sets the Sharable EMA arrays used by the program DISPL to zero. Next, the program reads the system's time and date and checks to see if data have already been stored on the hard disk for the present day. If data for the present day already exist, the data are recovered, or if none exist, the data arrays for the one-minute averages and standard deviations are set to zero. The program then reads the calibration table, which is stored on the hard disk.

The calibration table is used to convert the voltages read by the ADC into engineering units. Next, the program GETDA is scheduled to start in one to two minutes, depending on the present time, and to run every 500 milliseconds thereafter. Program DAILY is then scheduled to run at 2400 hours, and program DISPL is scheduled to run immediately.

Figure 1

DATA LOGGER FLOW CHART



Program GETDA reads the last 35 channels (channels 6 thru 40 of the ADC) from the ADC and computes 3-second, 10-second, 1-minute, 4-minute, and 28-minute averages and 1-minute standard deviations. The program then checks to see if the store-data status bit has been set by the operator. If the bit is set, the one-minute averages and standard deviations are stored on the hard disk, and a message is printed on the system console telling the operator to abort the programs. If the bit is not set, the program is made dormant, saving computer resources until it is scheduled to run again in 500 milliseconds.

Program DAILY stores the one-minute averages and standard deviations in a temporary array. The one-minute arrays are then set equal to zero for the next day of data. The program then updates the calibration table values by reading the table stored on the hard disk. The file header is assembled and the header and one-minute averages and standard deviations are written to the hard disk. The file header includes the calibration data and units for each channel. The format for the file header is shown in Table 2. A daily report is then assembled and printed on the system printer. The program then reschedules itself to run at 2400 hours the next day.

Program DISPL is a menu-driven program that displays the current data (10-second average) in System International or British Engineering units. The last three minutes (data points sampled every 500 milliseconds), 18 minutes (3-second averages), 1 hour (10-second averages), 24 hours (4-minute averages) or week (28-minute averages) of data can be plotted on the screen. The data and plots can be copied to the printer connected to the terminal.

Program MENU is a menu-driven program that allows the test engineer to control the other programs and to display the current data (3-second average) on the system console. During instrument calibration, the test engineer can instruct the GETDA program to set the one-minute average data to zero so that erroneous data are not stored. The test engineer can also instruct the GETDA program to save the current data and suspend operation if the computer needs to be shut down.

Program ADCAL is a menu-driven program that is used to create and update the calibration table stored on the hard disk. This program was written for the DAAS. To keep the data logger compatible with new versions of ADCAL that may be written for the DAAS, some features of ADCAL that are not utilized on the data logger are ignored.

Program PLOT is used to retrieve and plot stored data. The program prompts the operator for the date of the file that is to be read. The file is then read and the plotting options are then displayed in menus. Up to three channels can be plotted on one plot with each covering 8-, 16-, or the entire 24-hour period of the file.

The storage of data is an important task for the software. The data are stored on the hard disk on a daily basis. First a file name is created of the form BUDLOGJAN0188 with a file extension of DAT. The BU represents the site code for Bushland, Texas. The DLOG indicates that the file is a data logger file and the JAN0188 is the date. A file of the appropriate size is then created on the hard disk with the given name. Next, the file header is assembled. The file header contains integers and real numbers. Rather than creating two headers, a real header and an integer header, a combined real and integer header is created. Since real numbers require the same storage space as two integers, an integer array of 512 words and a real array of 256 words require the same storage area on the computer.

Table 2 FILE HEADER STRUCTURE

Integer Address	Real Address		Integer Address	Real Address	
1	1	Zero offsets for channel 1 stored as real number	357	179	
2			358		
3	2	Zero offsets for channel 2 stored as real number	.	.	Not used
4			.		
.	.	.	385	193	Month - stored as integer
.	.		386		Day - stored as integer
97	49	Zero offsets for channel 49 stored as real number	387	194	Year - stored as an integer
98			388		Location - stored as an integer
99	50	Zero offsets for channel 50 stored as real number	389	195	
100			.		Not used
101	51		.	.	
.	.	Not used	405	203	Length of record in sectors (integer)
.	.		406		Number of channels (50 integer)
129	65	Scale factor for channel 1 stored as real number	407	204	1st channel stored (1 integer)
130			408		2nd channel stored (2 integer)
131	66	Scale factor for channel 2 stored as real number	409	205	3rd channel stored (3 integer)
132			.	.	
.	.	.	430	216	24th channel stored (24 integer)
.	.		431		25th channel stored (25 integer)
225	113	Scale factor for channel 49 stored as real number	432	217	26th channel stored (ch 1 std dev)
226			433		27th channel stored (ch 2 std dev)
227	114	Scale factor for channel 50 stored as real number	.	.	
228			.	.	
229	115		455		49th channel stored (ch 24 std dev)
.	.	Not used	456	229	50th channel stored (ch 25 std dev)
.	.		458		Not Used
257	129	Units for channel 1 stored as 2 integers	.	.	
258			.	.	
259	130	Units for channel 2 stored as 2 integers	471	236	Sample rate (2 Hz)
260			472		stored as real
.	.		473	237	Length of record in seconds
.	.		474		(86400 - real)
353	177	Units for channel 49 stored as 2 integers	.	.	
354			.	.	Not Used
355	178	Units for channel 50 stored as 2 integers	511	256	
356			512		

To simplify the handling of the file header, the integer and real arrays are declared as 512 integer words and 256 real words and then equivalenced. Values are then assigned to either the real or integer array as appropriate, and the integer array is written to the disk. The one minute averages and standard deviations are written to the hard disk as integer arrays. Table 2 shows the array structure for the header with both the integer and real indexes.

Summary

The data logger has been in operation for over three years with only minor hardware problems. Over this period, test requirements have changed as different phases of the Test Plan have been completed. The new test requirements have been easily implemented by minor modifications to the software programs. The data logger has met and is still meeting all of the requirements of the testing program.

References

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Appendix A

DATA LOGGER DISPLAYS AND PLOTS

Typical data display screens:

SNLA/USDA 34 METRE VAWT TEST BED DATA LOGGER

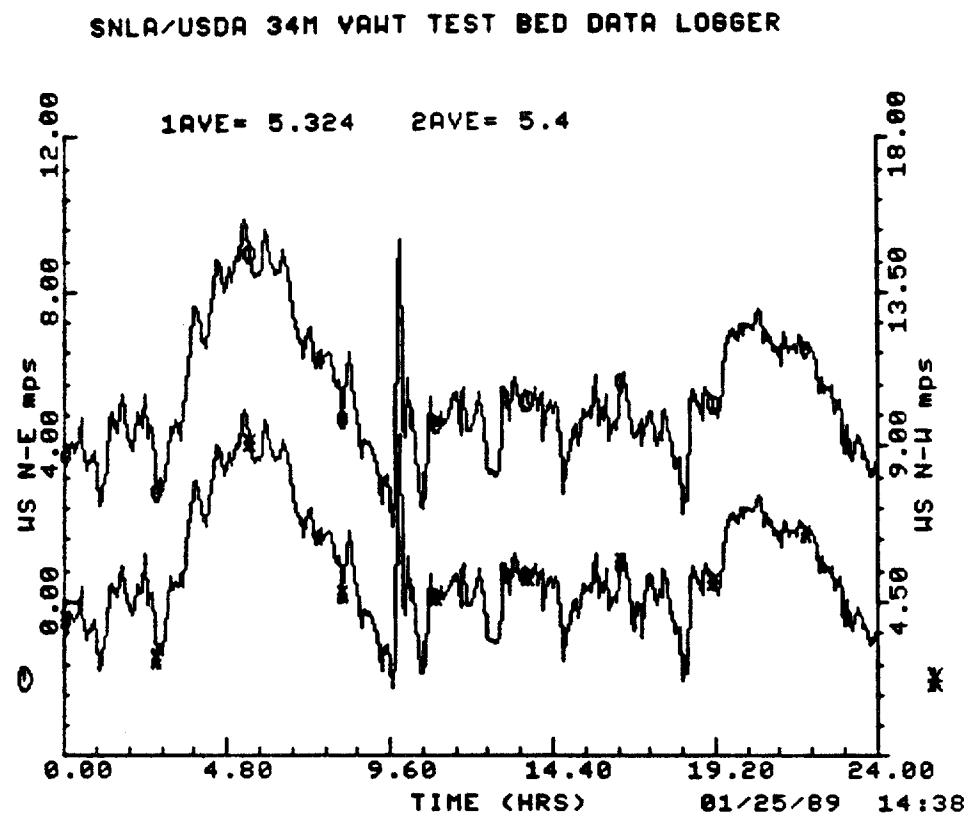
WIND	Speed	Direction	COEF OF PERFORMANCE	
10 m	7.4 mps	258.5 deg W	Equator: Aero	System
30 m	7.5 mps	253.5 deg W	10 metre Aero	System
NE	8.4 mps	247.6 deg SW		
NW	12.3 mps			
SE	12.5 mps	185.6 deg S	POWER	
SW	12.7 mps		Electrical 189.6 kW	185.4 kVAR
			Rotor 228.2 kW	
CONTROLLER			TURBINE	
4.18 Volts	.75 Volts		Speed 22.4 rpm	
			Torque 97.5 kNm	
			Tiedown Cable 574.1 kN	
TransAxialVibra	.17 in/s	.19		
StandVibration	.09 in/s	.09	AMBIENT CONDITIONS	
strainGauge1AML	-2.64 MPa	4.00	Temperature 10 metre	299.3 C
straingauge1AMF	-29.16 MPa	31.45	Temperature 48 metre	-2.5 C
straingauge1QML	-17.71 MPa	16.94	Barometric Pressure	127.1 kPa
StrainGauge1QMF	19.31 MPa	26.43	9:22 AM THU., 23 FEB., 1989	
PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE MAIN MENU				

SNLA/USDA 34 METRE VAWT TEST BED DATA LOGGER

WIND	Speed	Direction	COEF OF PERFORMANCE	
10 m	13.2 mps	187.2 deg S	Equator: Aero	System
30 m	14.4 mps	191.1 deg S	10 metre Aero	System
NE	12.9 mps	183.5 deg S		
NW	12.9 mps			
SE	14.6 mps	189.0 deg S	POWER	
SW	14.7 mps		Electrical 494.4 kW	511.8 kVAR
			Rotor 478.6 kW	
CONTROLLER			TURBINE	
.40 Volts	1.91 Volts		Speed 34.2 rpm	
			Torque 133.5 kNm	
			Tiedown Cable 868.0 kN	
TransAxialVibra	.21 in/s	.01		
StandVibration	.01 in/s	.00	AMBIENT CONDITIONS	
strainGauge1AML	-7.53 MPa	3.58	Temperature 10 metre	-2.5 C
straingauge1AMF	-41.60 MPa	7.26	Temperature 48 metre	-2.9 C
straingauge1QML	-7.51 MPa	2.50	Barometric Pressure	89.39 kPa
StrainGauge1QMF	31.27 MPa	9.22	9:06 AM THU., 23 FEB., 1989	
PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE MAIN MENU				

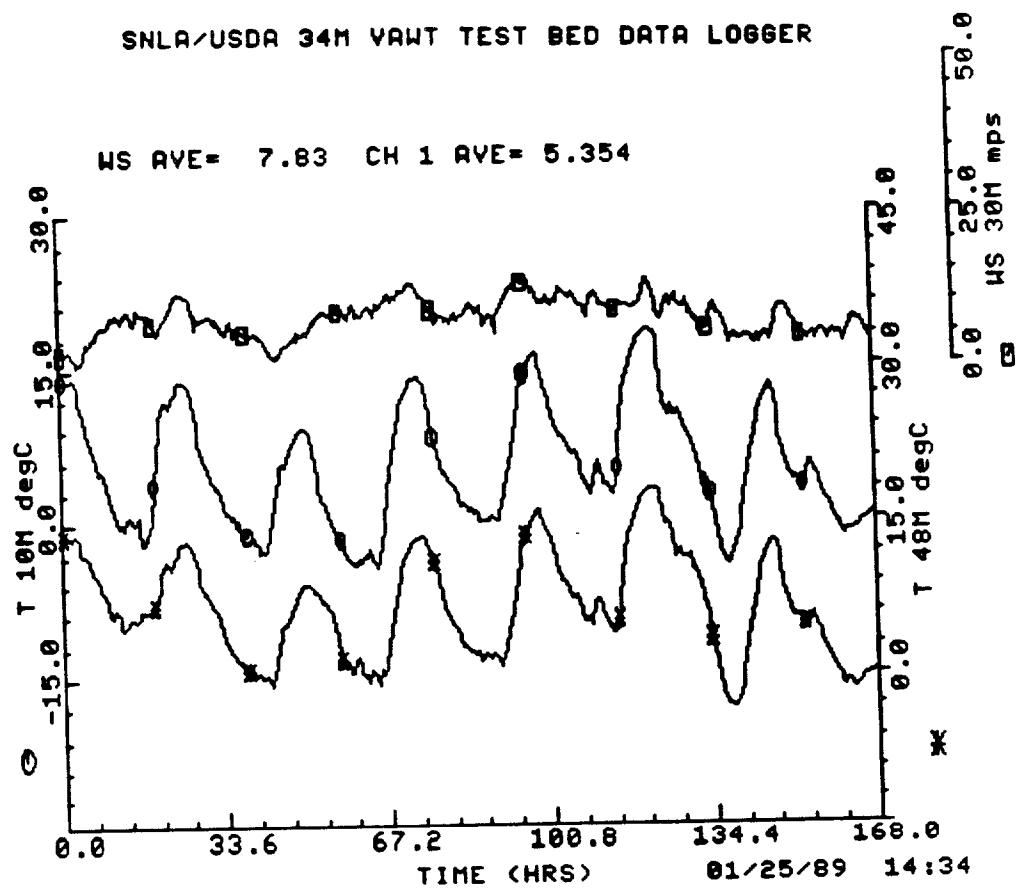
DATA LOGGER DISPLAYS AND PLOTS

Typical data plots of current data:



DATA LOGGER DISPLAYS AND PLOTS

Typical data plots of current data:



Appendix B

DATA LOGGER OPERATOR NOTES

System Prompts

VCP>	Virtual Control Panel	Indicates that the computer's operating system has not been loaded. The operating system must be loaded before any other action can be taken. Respond with "%BDC" <CR> to load the primary operating system (boot the computer).
CI>	Command Interpreter	Normal system prompt. Enter desired command or program.
CM>	Command Interpreter	Secondary system prompt. This prompt indicates that the primary Command Interpreter program is busy. Entering <CR> will allow the primary CI program to continue.
RTE>	Real Time Executive	Tertiary system prompt. This prompt indicates that the primary and secondary Command Interpreter programs are busy. Entering <CR> will allow the primary, CI and secondary, CM programs to continue.

DATA LOGGER OPERATOR NOTES

Useful Commands and Programs

- ADCAL** Program to display and update calibration factors including zero offsets, scale factors and engineering units.
- CLEAR31** Program to clear the screen of the display terminal (LU31) and turn off the function keys.
- INITIAL** Program to initiate the taking of data. This program schedules the other programs.
- IO** Command for listing the status of all Input/Output devices.
- LU** Logical Unit. The number assigned to I/O devices.
- MENU** Program to control the taking of data and display information for the Test Engineer.
- OF** Command for aborting the program running on the terminal.
- OFF** Program for aborting the other programs: GETDA, DISPL, and DAILY.
- PU,file** Command for purging a file.
- PU,BUDLOGJAN--86.DAT::DATA,OK**
Command for purging Data Logger files. Use this command after transferring the files to streaming tape to make room on the hard disk for new files.
- TF** Utility program for transferring files between the hard disk and the streaming tape.
- TF.CO,BUDLOGJAN--86.DAT::DATA,24**
Utility program for transferring Data Logger files from the hard disk to the streaming tape. This command will transfer all Data Logger files for January, 1986 to the streaming tape. Use this form for new tapes.
- TF,CO,BUDLOGJAN--86.DAT::DATA,24.A**
Utility program for transferring Data Logger files from the hard disk to the streaming tape. This command is the same as the previous command except the files will be appended to the tape. Use this form when files already exist on the tape.
- TF,DL,24** Utility program for listing the directory of a tape.

DATA LOGGER OPERATOR NOTES

Useful Commands and Programs (Continued)

- TF,LH,24 Utility program for listing the header of a tape.
- UP,lu Command for resetting an I/O device that has been downed (made unavailable) by the system.
- XQ,DISPL Command for running a program, DISPL, without the terminal having to wait for the program to complete, i.e. run the program in the background.
- WH,AL Command for displaying the system status.

DATA LOGGER OPERATOR NOTES

Input / Output Device Logical Unit Number Assignments

lu	device name	select code	hpib address	device status
1	terminal		23	busy with class request
2	not assigned			
3	not assigned			
4	not assigned			
5	not assigned			
6	printer		31	1 up
7	not assigned			
8	not assigned			
9	not assigned			
10	device type = 45b		33	up
11	not assigned			
12	not assigned			
13	not assigned			
14	not assigned			
15	not assigned			
16	CS 80 disc		27	2 up
17	CS 80 disc		27	2 up
18	not assigned			
19	not assigned			
20	CS 80 disc		27	2 up
21	floppy disc		27	3 up
22	floppy disc		27	3 up
23	floppy disc		27	3 up
24	CS 80 tape drive		27	2 up
25	not assigned			
26	not assigned			
27	not assigned			
28	not assigned			
29	not assigned			
30	not assigned			
31	terminal		23	up
32	terminal		23	up
33	terminal		23	up
34	terminal		23	up
35	terminal		23	up
36	terminal		23	up
37	terminal		23	up

DATA LOGGER OPERATOR NOTES

Analog Input Card Wiring Details

A/D Mux Card Hardware Channel Number	Cable Color Code	Software Array Number	Channel Description	Signal Line Patch Panel Number
15	red/wht	1	10mWS	83
16	red/grn	2	20mWS	82
17	red/blu	3	30mWS	81
18	red/yel	4	40mWS	80
19	red/brn	5	48mWS	79
20	red/orng	6	NE WS	31
21	grn/wht	7	NW WS	32
22	grn/blu	8	SE WS	33
23	grn/yel	9	SW WS	34
24	grn/brn	10	10mWD	88
25	grn/org	11	20mWD	87
26	wht/blu	12	30mWD	86
27	wht/yel	13	40mWD	85
28	wht/brn	14	48mWD	84
29	wht/org	15	N WD	35
30	blu/yel	16	S WD	36
31	blu/brn	17	kW	43
32	blu/orng	18	kVAr	
33	brn/yel	19	Torque	41
34	brn/orng	20	Tiedown	51
35	orn/yel	21	10mTp	38
36	vio/orng	22	48mTp	39
37	vio/red	23	BaroPr	37
38	vio/wht	24	RPM	40
39	vio/grn	25	PLC	69
8	blk/red	26	#1	
9	blk/wht	27	#2	
10	blk/grn	28	#3	
11	blk/blu	29	#4	
12	blk/yel	30	#5	
13	blk/brn	31	#6	
14	blk/orng	32	#7	

Appendix C

WIND DIRECTION AVERAGING

Averaging wind direction signals presents a problem since a discontinuity exists between zero and 360 degrees. If the two points zero and 360 are averaged, the answer would be 180 degrees while the correct answer is either zero or 360 degrees. To correct this problem, an offset is introduced to move the mean wind direction toward the continuous part of the range. Points that are far away from the offset are wrapped around to keep the points in the correct range.

The offset is selected to be the average wind direction of the last time period. The initial offset is selected to be the first wind direction measured, since the average wind direction of the previous period is unknown.

The algorithm used for calculating the average wind direction is

```
If first time period then
    Offset = first wind direction point measured
Else
    Offset = last average wind direction
End If
WindDirectionAve = 0
For I = 1 to Numberofpoints
    WindDirectionMeasured = WindDirection(I)
    If WindDirectionMeasured > (360 - Offset) Then
        WindDirectionScaled = WindDirectionMeasured - 360 + Offset
    Else If WindDirectionMeasured < - Offset Then
        WindDirectionScaled = WindDirectionMeasured + 360 + Offset
    Else
        WindDirectionScaled = WindDirectionMeasured + Offset
    End If
    WindDirectionAve = WindDirectionAve + WindDirectionScaled
End For
WindDirectionAve = WindDirectionAve / NumberofPoints - Offset
```

Appendix D

FORTRAN SOURCE CODES

listing CHECKWS:::4:18:34

```
*****
C
$EMA/DATA/
    SUBROUTINE CHECKWS
    INTEGER IHOME
    CHARACTER BELL
C
    INCLUDE EMA&SC
C
    IHOME=15400B+150B
    BELL=CHAR(7)
C
    WRITE(1,101) IHOME
    CALL CHCKLU(6)           ! PRINTER
    CALL CHCKLU(10)          ! A/D
    CALL CHCKLU(20)          ! DISK
C
    WSNE=X10S(I10S-1,6)
    WSNW=X10S(I10S-1,7)
    WSSE=X10S(I10S-1,8)
C
    WSSW=X10S(I10S-1,9)
C
    IF( ABS(WSNE-WSNW).GT.1.5 )THEN
        WRITE(1,110)
        COUNTN=COUNTN+1
    ELSE
        WRITE(1,130)
        COUNTN=COUNTN-1
        IF( COUNTN.LT.0 )THEN
            COUNTN=0
            END IF
        END IF
C
    IF( ABS(WSSE-WSSW).GT.1.5 )THEN
        WRITE(1,120)
        COUNTS=COUNTS+1
    ELSE
        WRITE(1,130)
        COUNTS=COUNTS-1
        IF( COUNTS.LT.0 )THEN
            COUNTS=0
            END IF
        END IF
        IF( COUNTN.EQ.15 )THEN
            WRITE(6,110)
            END IF
        IF( COUNTS.EQ.15 )THEN
            WRITE(6,120)
            END IF
        RETURN
101 FORMAT(A2,/)

110 FORMAT('      North anemometers do not agree      ')
120 FORMAT('      South anemometers do not agree      ')
130 FORMAT('      ')
END
*****
C
C     SUBROUTINE CHCKLU(LUC)
C
    INTEGER LUC,STAT1,STAT,BIT14
C
    BIT14=40000B
    CALL EXEC13,LUC,STAT1)
    STAT=STAT1.AND.BIT14
    IF( STAT.NE.0 )THEN
        WRITE(1,100) LUC,LUC
        END IF
    RETURN
100 FORMAT('LU',I2,' Down, Try UP,',I2,' at CI> prompt')
END
```

isting DAILY.FTN:::4:6:39

```
!EMA/DATA/
PROGRAM DAILY
C
C      LOCAL VARIABLES
C
REAL RHEADER(256),AVE(20)
REAL RBLOCK(64,10),ZEROS(128),SCALES(128)
REAL TEMPR
REAL PER
INTEGER#2 HEIGHT(2)
INTEGER WDCH(4)
INTEGER DCB(144)
INTEGER DAILY(3)
INTEGER IBLOCK(128,10)
INTEGER LEN
INTEGER FmpOpen,FmpRead
INTEGER BUF(15)
REAL DIRECTION(7,8)
INTEGER JULIAN(5)
INTEGER FORMFEED
CHARACTER#64 CALTBL
C
C      INCLUDE EMA&SC
C
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK,RBLOCK)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,1),ZEROS(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,3),SCALES(1))
C
DATA DAILY /'DAILY'/
DATA HEIGHT/2H10.2H30/
DATA WDCH/10,12,15,16/
C
LUP = 6
FORMFEED = 0060008
WRITE(LUP,*) 'DAILY REPORT, ',NAME
C***** STORE DATA IN TEMP ARRAYS *****
DO 10 K=1,1440
  DO 20 J=1,20
    ITP1(K,J)=IDATA(K,J)
    ITP2(K,J)=IDATA(K,J+20)
    IDATA(K,J)=0
    IDATA(K,J+20)=0
20      CONTINUE
  DO J=1,10
    ITP3(K,J)=IDATA(K,J+40)
    IDATA(K,J+40)=0
  END DO
10      CONTINUE
NUMBER = COUNT
COUNT = 0
C***** WRITE FILE TO DISK *****
CALL BLDHDER(NAME,IHEADER,NUMBER)
CALL FmpOpen(DCB,IERR,FILENAME,'WC',1)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
  CALL FmpOpen(DCB,IERR1,FILENAME,'WD',1)
  IF (IERR1 .LT. 0) THEN
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR1,DAILY)
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'DATA FILE NOT OPENed'
    GOTO 999
  END IF
END IF
C***** WRITE DATA TO DISK *****
CALL FmpWrite(DCB,IERR,IHEADER,2*512)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'HEADER NOT WRITTEN'
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR,DAILY)
  GOTO 999
END IF
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP1,28800)
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP2,28800)
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP3,14400)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'DATA NOT WRITTEN'
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR,DAILY)
  GOTO 999
END IF
CALL FmpClose(DCB,IERR)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'ERROR IN CLOSING DATA FILE'
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR,DAILY)
END IF
999 CONTINUE
C***** DAILY REPORT *****
IF (NUMBER.EQ.0) GOTO 160
DO JT=1,20
  AVE(JT)=0.0
END DO
DO JC=1,4
  DO JT=1,8
    DIRECTION(JC,JT)=0.0
  END DO
END DO
160
```

```

DO JI=1,360
  AVE(1)=AVE(1)+X4M(JI,1)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(2)=AVE(2)+X4M(JI,3)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(3)=AVE(3)+X4M(JI,6)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(4)=AVE(4)+X4M(JI,7)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(5)=AVE(5)+X4M(JI,8)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(6)=AVE(6)+X4M(JI,9)/NUMBER          | WS
  AVE(13)=AVE(13)+X4M(JI,21)/NUMBER      | TEMPO 10M
  AVE(14)=AVE(14)+X4M(JI,22)/NUMBER      | TEMPO 48H
  AVE(15)=AVE(15)+X4M(JI,13)/NUMBER      | BARO PRESS
  PWR=X4M(JI,17)*24/NUMBER
  IF(PWR.LT.0.1) THEN
    PWR=0.0
  END IF
  AVE(16)=AVE(16)+PWR                      | DAILY AVE KW * 24 hr
  DO JC=1,4
    JT=WDCH(JC)
    IF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.23.OR.X4M(JI,JT).GT.338)THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,1)=DIRECTION(JC,1)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.68.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,2)=DIRECTION(JC,2)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.113.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,3)=DIRECTION(JC,3)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.158.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,4)=DIRECTION(JC,4)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.203.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,5)=DIRECTION(JC,5)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.248.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,6)=DIRECTION(JC,6)+1
    ELSEIF (X4M(JI,JT).LE.293.0) THEN
      DIRECTION(JC,7)=DIRECTION(JC,7)+1
    ELSE
      DIRECTION(JC,8)=DIRECTION(JC,8)+1
    ENDIF
  END DO
  DO JC=1,4
    DIRECTION(JC,1)=DIRECTION(JC,1)-(360-NUMBER)
  END DO
  PER=100.0/FLOAT(NUMBER)
  DO JC=1,4
    DO JT=1,8
      TEMP= DIRECTION(JC,JT)
      DIRECTION(JC,JT)=TEMP*PER
      WRITE(6,52) JC, JT, PER, TEMP, DIRECTION(JC,JT)
    END DO
  END DO
  52 FORMAT('JC=''12'', JT=''12'', PER=''F10.4'', TEMP=''
  C 1           F7.2, '' DIRECTION ='', F7.2)
  1
  WRITE(LUP,100) (HEIGHT(JT),AVE(JT),JT=1,2)
  100 FORMAT('Average wind speed ' A2,'m   = ''F4.1,'mps')
  WRITE(LUP,110) AVE(3),AVE(4),AVE(5),AVE(6)
  110 FORMAT('Average wind speed North = ''2(F4.1,'mps '')',
  1           'Average wind speed South = ''2(F4.1,'mps '')')
  WRITE(LUP,120)((DIRECTION(JC,JT),JC=1,4),JT=1,8)
  120 FORMAT('Wind direction: 10metre 30metre North   South',
  2           'North   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  3           'Northeast   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  4           'East   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  5           'Southeast   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  6           'South   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  7           'Southwest   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  8           'West   ''4(F5.1,''' '),
  9           'Northwest   ''4(F5.1,''' '))
  WRITE(LUP,130) AVE(13),AVE(14),AVE(15),AVE(16)
  130 FORMAT('Average temperature 10m ''F4.1,'deg C'/'
  1           '48m = ''F4.1,'deg C'/'
  1           'Average barometric pressure = ''F4.1,'kPa'/'
  3           'Electric power generated = ''F4.1,'kWh')
  160 IF(NUMBER.LT.360) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,140) NUMBER
    140 FORMAT('Only ',I3,' four minute averages were taken',
  1           '360 four minute averages available')
  END IF
  WRITE(LUP,150)
  150 FORMAT(//)

***** UPDATE CALIBRATION FACTORS *****
CALL FmpBuildName(CALtbl,'CALtbl','DAT',0,'DATA')
IF( FmpOpen(DCB,ierr,CALtbl,'RQ',1).LT.0 ) THEN
  IF( ierr.EQ.-6 ) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'CALIBRATION TABLE DOES NOT EXIST'
  ELSE
    CALL FmpReportError(ierr,CALtbl)
  END IF
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'CALIBRATION FACTORS NOT UPDATED'
  GOTO 9999
END IF
LEN = FmpRead(DCB,ierr,1BLOCK,128*10^2)
IF( ierr.LT.0 ) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError( ierr,CALtbl )
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'CALIBRATION FACTORS NOT UPDATED'
  GOTO 9999
ELSE IF( LEN.NE. 128*10^2 ) THEN
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'COULD NOT READ EXPECTED AMOUNT OF DATA'
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'FROM CALIBRATION TABLE. PROGRAM STOPPED!'
  GOTO 9999
END IF
DO 70 K=1,25
  A(K)=SCALES(K)

```

```
70      B(K)=ZEROS(K)
         CONTINUE
         CALL EXEC(11,JULIAN)
         IJULIAN = (JULIAN(5)/2)*2
         IF(JULIAN(5).NE.IJULIAN) THEN
            WRITE(LUP,5) FORMFEED
            5   FORMAT(A2)
            END IF
C***** UPDATE DATE AND RESCHEDULE PROGRAM *****
9999 CALL DFILEN(FILENAME,NAME) ! UPDATE FILENAMES FOR NEXT DAY
         CALL EXEC(12,DAILY,1,0,0,0)
         STOP
         END
```

listing DFILEN.FTN:::4:18:35

```
SUBROUTINE DFILEN(FILEN,NAME)
C      SUBROUTINE RETURNS CURRENT DAY'S FILENAME
C      IMPLICIT NONE
      INTEGER IBUF(15),SIZE
      CHARACTER*64 FILEN           ! DISK FILE NAME FOR DATA FILE
      CHARACTER*30 CBUF
      CHARACTER*13 NAME            ! FILE NAME FOR DATA FILE
      EQUIVALENCE(CBUF,IBUF)
      CALL FTIME(IBUF)
C***** BUILD DATA FILE NAME *****
      NAME(1:6)='BUDLOG'
      NAME(7:9)=CBUF(21:23)
      IF( CBUF(17:17) .EQ. ' ') CBUF(17:17) = '0'
      NAME(10:11)=CBUF(17:18)
      NAME(12:13)=CBUF(29:30)
      SIZE=4+564
      CALL FmpBuildName(FILEN,NAME,'DAT',0,'DATA',1,SIZE)
      RETURN
      END
```

```

EMA/DATA/
PROGRAM DISPL

C LOCAL VARIABLES
C
REAL PARRAY(363,3)
REAL SI
INTEGER IUN1(5)
INTEGER IUN2(5)
INTEGER IUN3(5)
INTEGER IUN(5,2)
INTEGER ITIM(5)
INTEGER CNB(3)
INTEGER J1CH(4)
INTEGER NCH
INTEGER WS
INTEGER CLNB
INTEGER PARM1,PARM2
INTEGER WD(7)
INTEGER BUF(15)
INTEGER INDX,IST(5),STDE

INTEGER LUDD ! DISPLAY LU NOT RESETABLE BY MENU
REAL SCALE(32),ARRAY(32),DV(32),CP(4)
CHARACTER BELL
CHARACTER*4 UWS,UTP,UBP,USG
CHARACTER*6 UTQ

C INCLUDE EMA&SC
C
DATA IUN1 /2HWS,2H ,2H ,2H m,2Hps/
DATA ITIM /2HTI2HME2H (,2H ,2H /
DATA J1CH /10,12,15,16/

C
BELL = CHAR(7)
LUDD = 31
IMEN1 = 15400B+0468 ! TURN OFF MENU PT1 Esc &
IMEN2 = 65000B+1008 ! TURN OFF MENU PT2 j @
IFUN1 = 15400B+0468 ! DISABLE FUNCTION KEYS PT1 Esc &
IFUN2 = 65000B+1238 ! DISABLE FUNCTION KEYS PT2 j S
IHOME = 15400B+1508 ! HOME ALPHA CURSER Esc h
IRASE = 15400B+1128 ! CLEAR ALPHA DISPL Esc J
IGRP1 = 15400B+0528 ! TURN OFF GRAPH DISPL PT1 Esc *
IGRP2 = 62000B+1448 ! TURN OFF GRAPH DISPL PT2 e d
STDE = 2 ! SELECT 10sec STD DEV

C
DO 15 J=1,9 ! mph/mps
  ARRAY(J)= 2.24
15  CONTINUE
DO J=10,32
  ARRAY(J)=1.0
END DO
ARRAY(13)=0.296 ! inHg/kPa
ARRAY(19)=0.7376 ! ft-lb/Nm
ARRAY(20)=0.2248 ! lb/N
CLNB=0
CALL CLRQ(1,CLNB)

5 CONTINUE
WRITE(LUD,7) IHOME,IRASE
WRITE(LUD,7) IGRP1,IGRP2
IF( LUDD.EQ.LUD ) THEN
  WRITE(LUD,7) IMEN1,IMEN2
  WRITE(LUD,7) IFUN1,IFUN2
END IF
7 FORMAT(2A2)
10 WRITE(LUD,200) IHOME
200 FORMAT(//A2,
1 17X,' SANDIA NATIONAL LABORATORIES ',/
2 17X,' 34 M VAWT TEST BED DATA LOGGER ',/
3 20X,'1 DISPLAY TURBINE STATUS S.I. UNITS',/,/
4 20X,'2 DISPLAY TURBINE STATUS B.E. UNITS',/,/
5 20X,'3 PLOT DATA',/,/
6 20X,'ENTER NUMBER ')
IF(STATUS.EQ.2.OR.STATUS.EQ.3) GOTO 9000
CALL INPUTVAL(INPUT,LUD)
IF (INPUT.EQ.1) THEN
  DO J=1,32
    IF(J.EQ.21.OR.J.EQ.22) THEN
      SCALE(J)=0.0 ! TEMP CHANNELS
    ELSE
      SCALE(J)=1.0
    ENDIF
  END DO
  UWS='mps'
  UTQ='kNm'
  UTP='C'
  UBP='kPa'
  USG='KN'
  WRITE(LUD,7) IHOME,IRASE
  IC=0
  GOTO 1000
ELSEIF (INPUT.EQ.2) THEN
  DO J=1,32
    SCALE(J)=ARRAY(J)
  END DO
  UWS=' mph'
  UTQ='kft-lb'

```

```

UTP='F '
UBP='inHg'
USG='klb'
WRITE(LUD,7) IHOME,IRASE
IC=0
GOTO 1000
ELSEIF (INPUT.EQ.3) THEN
  GOTO 2000
END IF
20 CONTINUE
  WRITE(LUD,400) BELL
400 FORMAT(A2,' INVALID ENTRY TRY AGAIN')
  GOTO 10
1000 CONTINUE
  INPUT=0
  INDEX=110S-1
  IF( IC.GE.10 ) THEN
    WRITE(LUD,7) IHOME,IRASE
    IC=0
  ELSE
    IC=IC+1
  END IF
  WRITE(LUD,1001) IHOME
1001 FORMAT(A2,' 15X,'SNLA/USDA 34 METRE VAWT TEST BED DATA ',
1      'LOGGER',17X,/)
  DO J=1,32
    IF(J.EQ.21.OR.J.EQ.22) THEN
      DV(J)=X10S(INDEX,J)+SCALE(J)*(0.8*X10S(INDEX,J)+32)
    ELSE
      DV(J)=X10S(INDEX,J)*SCALE(J)
    ENDIF
  END DO
*****
LUS=LUD
INCLUDE SCREEN
C
  WRITE(LUD,1006)
1006 FORMAT('PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE MAIN MENU ')
  CALL EXEC(17,100400B+LUD,INPUT,-1,PARM1,PARM2,CLNB+1000008)
1100 CONTINUE
  CALL EXEC(21,CLNB+120000B,INPUT,-1)
  IF(INPUT.NE.0) THEN
    CALL CLRQ(3,CLNB,LUD)
    GOTO 5
  END IF
  IF(110S-1 .NE. INDEX) THEN
    CALL CLRQ(3,CLNB,LUD)
    GOTO 1000
  END IF
  IBK=IFBRK()
  IF(IBK.NE.-1) GOTO 1100
  GOTO 9000
*****
 PLOT DATA *****
2000 CONTINUE
  CALL CHANNEL(CNB,NCH,WS,IUN1,IUN,LUD,CHNM,CHUNIT)
  DO JK =1,5
    IUN2(JK)=IUN(JK,1)
    IUN3(JK)=IUN(JK,2)
  END DO
  CALL GETINDEX( IDX,S1,LUD )
  IST(1)=IHS+17
  IST(2)=I3S+18
  IST(3)=I10S+18
  IST(4)=I4M+18
  IST(5)=I28M+18
  ISTART=IST(IDX)
  DO J3=1,NCH+1
    IF( CNB(J3).LE.0 ) THEN
      CONTINUE
      ! WS NOT TO BE PLOTTED
    ELSE IF( CNB(J3).LE.32 ) THEN
      IF( IDX.EQ.1 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=XHS(J2,CNB(J3))
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.2 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X3S(J2,CNB(J3))
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.3 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X10S(J2,CNB(J3))
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.4 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X4M(J2,CNB(J3))
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.5 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X28M(J2,CNB(J3))
        END DO
    END IF
  END IF

```

```

      ELSE
        WRITE(LUD,2003) IHOME,IRASE
        FORMAT(2A2,'ERROR INVALID TIME INDEX NUMBER'
               , 'PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE')
        CALL INPUTVAL(IDUM,LUD)
        GOTO 2000
      END IF
    ELSE IF( CNB(J3).EQ.40 ) THEN
      IF( IDX.EQ.1 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=XHS(J2,19)*XHS(J2,24)*0.1047
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.2 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=XSS(J2,19)*XSS(J2,24)*0.1047
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.3 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X10S(J2,19)*X10S(J2,24)*0.1047
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.4 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X4M(J2,19)*X4M(J2,24)*0.1047
        END DO
      ELSE IF( IDX.EQ.5 ) THEN
        DO J1=1,361
          J2=J1+ISTART
          IF( J2.GT.380 ) J2=J2-380
          PARRAY(J1,J3)=X28M(J2,19)*X28M(J2,24)*0.1047
        END DO
      ELSE
        WRITE(LUD,2003) IHOME,IRASE
        CALL INPUTVAL(IDUM,LUD)
        GOTO 2000
      END IF
    ELSE
      WRITE(LUD,2004) IHOME,IRASE
      FORMAT(2A2,'ERROR INVALID CHANNEL NUMBER'
             , 'PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE')
      CALL INPUTVAL(IDUM,LUD)
      GOTO 2000
    END IF
  END DO
  ITIM(4) = 2HSE
  ITIM(5) = 2HC
C   CALL PLUT(PARRAY,LUD,WS,NCH,IUN1,IUN2,IUN3,ITIM,CHB,SI)
  GOTO 5
C***** PROGRAM STOPPED *****
9000 CONTINUE
  WRITE(LUD,9010) IHOME,IRASE
9010 FORMAT(2A2)
  STOP
  999 END
C***** SUBROUTINE INPUTVAL *****
C  SUBROUTINE RETURNS AN INTEGER ENTERED FROM THE KEY BOARD
C
C  SUBROUTINE INPUTVAL(R,LUD)
C  CHARACTER SEL
C  INTEGER C,R
C
  ILU=LUD+100B
  CALL EXEC(1,ILU,C,-1)
  SEL = CHAR( C/256 )
  R = ICHAR(SEL)-ICHAR('0')
  RETURN
END
C***** SUBROUTINE GETINDEX *****
C  SUBROUTINE PROMPTS THE TERMINAL FOR AN INDEX FOR PLOTTING
C
C  SUBROUTINE GETINDEX( INDX,SI,LUD )
C
C  CHARACTER BELL,ESC
C  CHARACTER*2 HOME,CLS
C  INTEGER INDX
C
  BELL=CHAR(7)
  ESC=CHAR(27)
  HOME=ESC // 'h'
  CLS=ESC // 'j'
C
  WRITE(LUD,*) HOME,CLS
2001 FORMAT(2A2)
  WRITE(LUD,2002)
2002 FORMAT(1BX,'      SELECT LENGTH OF PLOT      '///
1      '20X,'1      LAST 3 MINUTES OF DATA'//'
2      '20X,'2      LAST 18 MINUTES OF DATA'//'
3      '20X,'3      LAST HOUR OF DATA'//'
4      '20X,'4      LAST DAY OF DATA'//'
5      '20X,'5      LAST WEEK OF DATA'///'

```

```

6      20X,'ENTER NUMBER _')
2100 CONTINUE
CALL INPUTVAL( INDEX ,LUD )
IF(INDX.EQ.1)THEN
  SI = 0.5
ELSE IF(INDX.EQ.2)THEN
  SI = 3.0
ELSE IF(INDX.EQ.3)THEN
  SI = 10.0
ELSE IF(INDX.EQ.4)THEN
  SI = 240
ELSE IF(INDX.EQ.5)THEN
  SI = 1680
ELSE
  WRITE(LUD,2003) BELL
2003  FORMAT( A2,/ ,20X,'INVALID ENTRY      TRY AGAIN _')
      GOTO 2100
END IF
RETURN
END

***** SUBROUTINE CHANNEL *****
SUBROUTINE CHANNEL(CNB,NCH,WS,IUN1,IUN,LUD,CHNM,CHUNIT)
C
  INTEGER CNB(3),NCH,NU(2),WS,IUN1(5),IUN(5,2)
  INTEGER*4 CHNM(7,4),CHUNIT(7)
C
  CHARACTER BELL,ESC
  CHARACTER*2 HOME,CLS
  CHARACTER*4 CHAR1
  INTEGER INDEX,IST(5)
C
  BELL=CHAR(7)
  ESC=CHAR(27)
  HOME=ESC // 'h'
  CLS=ESC // 'j'
C
  WRITE(LUD,80) HOME,CLS
80  FORMAT(2A2,////,
1     'DO YOU WANT TO PLOT WIND SPEED ? (Y OR N  CR>) _')
  READ(LUD,81) IMPLT
81  FORMAT(A1)
  IF( IMPLT.EQ. 1 ) THEN
    WS = 1
    WRITE(LUD,82) HOME,CLS
82  FORMAT(2A2)
84  WRITE(LUD,85) HOME
85  FORMAT( A2,/18X,
1     '          SELECT WIND SPEED VARIABLE TO PLOT      //',
2     ' 20X,'1   WIND SPEED - 10M//           | 1
4     '20X,'2   WIND SPEED - 30M,EQUATOR//       | 3
7     '20X,'3   WIND SPEED - NORTH-E//          | 6
8     '20X,'4   WIND SPEED - NORTH-W//          | 7
9     '20X,'5   WIND SPEED - SOUTH-E//          | 8
1    '20X,'6   WIND SPEED - SOUTH-W//          | 9
  WRITE(LUD,88)
88  FORMAT(20X,'ENTER NUMBER _')
  CALL INPUTVAL( NUB,LUD )
  IF( NUB.EQ.1 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 1
    IUN1(2)=2H 1
    IUN1(3)=2HOM
  ELSE IF( NUB.EQ.2 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 3
    IUN1(2)=2H 3
    IUN1(3)=2HOM
  ELSE IF( NUB.EQ.3 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 6
    IUN1(2)=2H N
    IUN1(3)=2H-E
  ELSE IF( NUB.EQ.4 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 7
    IUN1(2)=2H N
    IUN1(3)=2H-W
  ELSE IF( NUB.EQ.5 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 8
    IUN1(2)=2H S
    IUN1(3)=2H-E
  ELSE IF( NUB.EQ.6 ) THEN
    CNB(1) = 9
    IUN1(2)=2H S
    IUN1(3)=2H-W
  ELSE
    WRITE(LUD,*) 'INVALID INPUT      TRY AGAIN!'
    GOTO 84
  END IF
  ELSE
    WS = 0
    CNB(1) = 0
  END IF
  WRITE(LUD,90) HOME,CLS
90  FORMAT(2A2,/// 'PLOT 1 OR 2 ADDITIONAL CHANNELS ?_')
  CALL INPUTVAL(NCH,LUD)
  IF( NCH.NE.2 ) NCH = 1
  WRITE(LUD,95) HOME,CLS
95  FORMAT(2A2)
100 WRITE(LUD,101) HOME
101 FORMAT(A2,4X,
1     '          SELECT VARIABLE(S) TO PLOT',26X,' //ICNB
1     ' 6X,'1 Power - Rotor ',16X,'17 Wind Speed - 10m '/!40,1

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2 6X,'2 Power - Electrical ',16X,'18 Wind Speed - 30m '/117,3
3 6X,'3 Power - Reactive ',16X,'19 Wind Speed - North-E'/118,6
4 6X,'4 Rotor Speed ',16X,'20 Wind Speed - North-W'/124,7
5 6X,'5 Rotor Torque ',16X,'21 Wind Speed - South-E'/119,8
6 6X,'6 Temperature - 10M ',16X,'22 Wind Speed - South-W'/121,9
7 6X,'7 Temperature - 48M ',16X,'23 Wind Direction - 10m'/122,10
8 6X,'8 Barometric Pressure',16X,'24 Wind Direction - 30m'/113,12
9 6X,'9 Tiedown Number 1 ',16X,'25 Wind Direction-North')120,15
102 WRITE(LUD,102) ((CHNM(IJK,IJL),IJL=1,4),IJK=1,7)
102 FORMAT(5X,
1     '10 ',4A,           19X,'26 Wind Direction-South')/126,16
2 5X,'11 ',4A,           19X,/          127
3 5X,'12 ',4A,           19X,/          128
4 5X,'13 ',4A,           19X,/          129
5 5X,'14 ',4A,           19X,/          130
6 5X,'15 ',4A,           19X,/          131
7 5X,'16 ',4A,           19X)          132
DO J2=1,NCH
  WRITE(LUD,105)
105 FORMAT(16X,'ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER FOLLOWED BY CR> _')
READ(LUD,106,ERR=104) NU(J2)
106 FORMAT(12)
END DO
DO 99 J2=2,NCH+1
  NUB=NU(J2-1)
  IF(NUB.EQ.1) THEN
    CNB(J2)=40
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HRO
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hto
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hr
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2HKW
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.2) THEN
    CNB(J2)=17
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HPo
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hwe
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hr
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2HKW
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2He
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.3) THEN
    CNB(J2)=18
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HPo
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hwe
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hr
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2HKV
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HAP
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.4) THEN
    CNB(J2)=24
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HRO
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hto
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hr
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2HRP
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HM
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.5) THEN
    CNB(J2)=19
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HRO
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hto
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hr
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2HKN
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HM
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.6) THEN
    CNB(J2)=21
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HT
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2H10
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2HM
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2Hde
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HgC
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.7) THEN
    CNB(J2)=22
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HT
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2H4B
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2HM
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2Hde
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HgC
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.8) THEN
    CNB(J2)=13
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HBa
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hro
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2H_P
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2H_k
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hpa
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.9) THEN
    CNB(J2)=20
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2HTi
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hd0
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2HOW
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2HKN
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.10) THEN
    CNB(J2)=26
    CHART=CHAR(CHNM(1,1))
    IUN(1,J2-1)=ICHAR(CHART(1:2))
    IUN(2,J2-1)=ICHAR(CHART(3:4))
    IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
    IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
    IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
  ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.11) THEN
    CNB(J2)=27
    IUN(1,J2-1)=2H
    IUN(2,J2-1)=2H

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IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.12) THEN
CNB(J2)=28
IUN(1,J2-1)=2H
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H28
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.13) THEN
CNB(J2)=29
IUN(1,J2-1)=2H29
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.14) THEN
CNB(J2)=30
IUN(1,J2-1)=2H30
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.15) THEN
CNB(J2)=31
IUN(1,J2-1)=2H31
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H0
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H0
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.16) THEN
CNB(J2)=32
IUN(1,J2-1)=2H32
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H
IUN(5,J2-1)=2H
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.17) THEN
CNB(J2)=1
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H 1
IUN(3,J2-1)=2HOM
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.18) THEN
CNB(J2)=3
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H 3
IUN(3,J2-1)=2HOM
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.19) THEN
CNB(J2)=6
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H N
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H-E
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.20) THEN
CNB(J2)=7
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H N
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H-W
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.21) THEN
CNB(J2)=8
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H S
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H-E
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.22) THEN
CNB(J2)=9
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWS
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H S
IUN(3,J2-1)=2H-W
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H m
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Hps
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.23) THEN
CNB(J2)=10
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWD
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H 1
IUN(3,J2-1)=2HOM
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H d
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Heg
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.24) THEN
CNB(J2)=12
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWD
IUN(2,J2-1)=2H 3
IUN(3,J2-1)=2HOM
IUN(4,J2-1)=2H d
IUN(5,J2-1)=2Heg
ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.25) THEN
CNB(J2)=15
IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWD
IUN(2,J2-1)=2Hno
IUN(3,J2-1)=2Hrt
IUN(4,J2-1)=2Hhd

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```
    ELSE IUN(5,J2-1)=2Heg
    ELSE IF(NUB.EQ.26) THEN
      CNB(J2)=16
      IUN(1,J2-1)=2HWD
      IUN(2,J2-1)=2HSO
      IUN(3,J2-1)=2HUT
      IUN(4,J2-1)=2HHD
      IUN(5,J2-1)=2Heg
    ELSE
104   WRITE(LUD,103) BELL
103   FORMAT(A2,35X,'INVALID ENTRY'           TRY AGAIN')
      GOTO 100
    END IF
99  CONTINUE
      RETURN
    END
```

listing GETDA.FTN:::4:3:36

```
>EMA/DATA/
  PROGRAM GETDA
C
    INCLUDE EMA&SC
C***** LOCAL VARIABLES *****
  INTEGER DAILY(3),GETDA(3),DISPL(3) ! PROGRAM NAMES
  INTEGER IX(40) ! DATA READ FROM A/D
  INTEGER DCB(144) ! DCB BUFFER
  INTEGER IHADER(512) ! DATA FILE HEADER
  INTEGER ERROR ! ERROR RETURN
  INTEGER FmPrpProgram ! FMP CALLED AS INTEGER
  INTEGER ECODE12 ! ECODE FOR EXEC 12 CALL
  INTEGER BUF(15) ! BUF FOR READING SYSTEM DATE
  REAL X ! CURRENT INPUT
  REAL XTEMP
  REAL SUM(32) ! SUM OF INPUTS FOR 1MIN
  REAL SUMSQ(25) ! SUM OF SQUARES FOR STD DEV
  REAL BUF4(4,32) ! BUFFER FOR FOUR MIN AVE
  REAL SQ3S(7),SQ10S(7) ! SUM OF SQUARES FOR 3s & 10s
C
  DATA DAILY,GETDA,DISPL /'DAILY ','GETDA ','DISPL '/
  LUP = 6 ! LOGGING PRINTER
  DO J=1,25
    SUM(J)=0.0
    SUMSQ(J)=0.0
  END DO
  DO J=26,32
    SUM(J)=0.0
  END DO
  DO J=1,7
    SQ3S(J)=0.0
    SQ10S(J)=0.0
  END DO
C***** READ DATA FROM A/D BOARD *****
  ICWD=41000B+8 ! + 1ST WORD TO READ
  CALL EXEC(1,10,IX,32,ICWD)
  DO J=10,16
    OFFSET1M(J)=16000.-FLOAT(IX(J+6))
  ENDDO
  5 CONTINUE
  1=READ LU:10,ARRAY IX,32 WORDS READ, START CHANNEL 8
  CALL EXEC(1,10,IX,32,ICWD)
C***** CALIBRATE DATA AND SUM *****
  DO 10 J=1,25
    IXT=IX(J+6)
    IF(STATUS.EQ.0) IXT=0
    XE=FLOAT(IXT)
    IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
      IF(XE.GT.32000.-OFFSET1M(J))THEN
        VAL=XE-32000.+OFFSET1M(J)
      ELSE IF(XE.LT.-OFFSET1M(J))THEN
        VAL=XE+32000.+OFFSET1M(J)
      ELSE
        VAL=XE+OFFSET1M(J)
      END IF
    ELSE
      VAL=XE
    END IF
    SUM(J)=SUM(J)+VAL
    SUMSQ(J)=SUMSQ(J)+VAL**2
    XHS(IHS,J)=A(J)*XE+B(J)
  10 CONTINUE
  DO 20 J=2,7
    IXT=IX(J-1)
    XE=C(J)*FLOAT(IXT)+D(J)
    XHS(IHS,J+25)=XE
    SUM(J+25)=SUM(J+25)+XE
    SQ3S(J)=SQ3S(J)+XE**2
    SQ10S(J)=SQ10S(J)+XE**2
  20 CONTINUE
  C 11  WRITE(31,11) (IX(J),J=1,7),IX(32)
  C 11  FORMAT (8(16,2X))
  C 11  IXT=IX(1)
  C 11  XE=FLOAT(IXT)
  C 11  XHS(IHS,26)=C(1)*XE*D(1)
  C 11  XHS(IHS,26)=0
  C 11  SUM(26)=0
C***** X3S = (SUM OF LAST 6 0.5 SEC VALUES)/6.0 *****
  IF(MOD(I,6).EQ.0) THEN
    IF(IHS.LT.6) THEN
      DO 30 J=1,32
        XT=0.0
        OFFSET=0
        IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) OFFSET=180-XHS(1,J)
        DO 35 K=1,IHS
          VAL=XHS(K,J)
          CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
          XT=XT+VAL
        35 CONTINUE
        DO 37 K=375+IHS,380
          VAL=XHS(K,J)
          CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
        37 CONTINUE
      30 CONTINUE
    END IF
  END IF
```

```

      XT=XT+VAL
      CONTINUE
      X3S(I3S,J)=XT/6.0-OFFSET
      IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
        X=X3S(I3S,J)
        CALL CHECK(X)
        X3S(I3S,J)=X
        END IF
    30      CONTINUE
      ELSE
        DO 40 J=1,32
          XT=0.0
          OFFSET=0
          IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) OFFSET=180-XHS(IHS-3,J)
          DO 45 K=IHS-5,IHS
            VAL=XHS(K,J)
            CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
            XT=XT+VAL
        45      CONTINUE
          X3S(I3S,J)=XT/6.0-OFFSET
          IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
            X=X3S(I3S,J)
            CALL CHECK(X)
            X3S(I3S,J)=X
            END IF
        40      CONTINUE
        END IF
      DO J=2,7
        XTTEMP=SQ3S(J)/6.0-X3S(I3S,J+25)**2
        STDDEV(1,J)=(ABS(XTEMP))**0.5
        SQ3S(J)=0.0
      ENDDO
      I3S=I3S+1
      IF(I3S.EQ.381) I3S=1
      ENDIF
C **** X10S = (SUM OF LAST 20 0.5 SEC VALUES)/20.0 *****
      IF(MOD(I,20).EQ.0) THEN
        DO 50 J=1,32
          XT=0.0
          OFFSET=0
          IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) OFFSET=180-XHS(IHS-10,J)
          DO 60 K=IHS-19,IHS
            VAL=XHS(K,J)
            CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
            XT=XT+VAL
        60      CONTINUE
          X10S(I10S,J)=XT/20.0-OFFSET
          IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
            X=X10S(I10S,J)
            CALL CHECK(X)
            X10S(I10S,J)=X
            END IF
        50      CONTINUE
        DO J=2,7
          XTTEMP=SQ10S(J)/20.0-X10S(I10S,J+25)**2
          STDDEV(2,J)=(ABS(XTEMP))**0.5
          SQ10S(J)=0.0
        ENDDO
        I10S=I10S+1
        IF(I10S.EQ.381) I10S=1
C **** 1MA = (SUM OF LAST 120 IX)/120 *****
C **** 1MSD = SQRT((SUM OF LAST 120 IX**2)/120-1MA**2) ***
      IF (I.EQ.120) THEN
        COUNT1=COUNT1+1
        DO 70 J=1,25
          SUMTP=SUM(J)/120.0-OFFSET1M(J)
          IF (SUMTP.GT. 32000) THEN
            SUMTP=0
            SUMTP=SUMTP-32000
          END IF
          IF (SUMTP.LT. -32000) THEN
            SUMTP=0
            SUMTP=SUMTP+32000
          END IF
          IF(STATUS.EQ.0) SUMTP=0
          IDATA(I1M,J)=INT(SUMTP)
          BUF4(COUNT1,J)=SUMTP
          X=SUMSQ(J)/120.0-SUMTP**2
          IF(X.LT.0) X=0.0
          X=SQRT(X)
          IF(STATUS.EQ.0) X=0
          IDATA(I1M,J+25)=INT(X)
          SUM(J)=0.0
          SUMSQ(J)=0.0
          IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
            OFFSET1M(J)=16000.-SUMTP
          END IF
    70      CONTINUE
        DO J=26,32
          BUF4(COUNT1,J)=SUM(J)/120.0
          SUM(J)=0.0
        END DO
        I=0
        IF(COUNT1.GE.4) THEN
C **** X4M = (SUM OF LAST 4 1MA)/4.0 *****
C **** D-15 *****
          DO 940 J=1,32
            XT=0.0
            IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN

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```

        ELSE
          OFFSET=0
        END IF
      DO 950 K=1,4
        VAL=BUF4(K,J)
        CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
        XT=XT+VAL
      CONTINUE
      XT=XT/4.0-OFFSET
      X4M(I4M,J)=A(J)*XT+B(J)
      IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
        X=X4M(I4M,J)
        CALL CHECK(X)
        X4M(I4M,J)=X
      ENDIF
    CONTINUE
    COUNT=COUNT+1
    COUNT4=COUNT4+1
    COUNT1=0
C***** X28M = (SUM OF LAST 7 X4M)/7.0 *****
C***** COUNT4.GE.7) THEN
  IF(COUNT4.GE.7) THEN
    IF(I4M.LT.7) THEN
      DO 960 J=1,32
        XT=0.0
        IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
          OFFSET=180-X4M(1,J)
        ELSE
          OFFSET=0
        END IF
      DO 970 K=1,I4M
        VAL=X4M(K,J)
        CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
        XT=XT+VAL
      CONTINUE
      DO 980 K=374+I4M,380
        VAL=X4M(K,J)
        CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
        XT=XT+VAL
      CONTINUE
      X28M(I28M,J)=XT/7.0-OFFSET
      IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
        X=X28M(I28M,J)
        CALL CHECK(X)
        X28M(I28M,J)=X
      ENDIF
    CONTINUE
  ELSE
    DO 9100 J=1,32
      XT=0.0
      IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
        OFFSET=180-X4M(I4M-3,J)
      ELSE
        OFFSET=0
      END IF
    DO 990 K=I4M-6,I4M
      VAL=X4M(K,J)
      CALL MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
      XT=XT+VAL
    CONTINUE
    X28M(I28M,J)=XT/7.0-OFFSET
    X28M(I28M,J)=XT/7.0-OFFSET
    IF(J.GE.10.AND.J.LE.16) THEN
      X=X28M(I28M,J)
      CALL CHECK(X)
      X28M(I28M,J)=X
    ENDIF
    CONTINUE
  END IF
  I28M=I28M+1
  IF(I28M.EQ.381) I28M=1
  COUNT4=0
  ENDIF
  I4M=I4M+1
  IF(I4M.EQ.381) I4M=1
  END IF
  I1M=I1M+1
  IF(I1M.GT.1440) I1M=1
  ENDIF
  ENDIF
  IHS=IHS+1
  IF(IHS.EQ.381) IHS=1
  I=I+1
C***** MAKE PROGRAM DORMANT - SAVE RESOURCES UNTIL RESCHEDULED *****
  CALL EXEC(6,0,1)
C***** CHECK STATUS *****
  IF(STATUS.EQ.2) THEN           ! STORE DATA AND STOP
    GOTO 90
  ELSE IF(STATUS.EQ.3) THEN       ! STOP PROGRAMS WITHOUT STO
    GOTO 999
  END IF
C***** CHECK FOR BREAK *****
  IBK=IFBRK()
  IF(IBK.NE.-1) GOTO 5          ! IF NO BREAK, READ NEW DATA
  90 CALL FTIME(BUF)
  IF(IBK.EQ.-1) THEN

```

```

        WRITE(LUP,80) (BUF(JI),JI=1,15)
    ELSE
        WRITE(LUP,85) (BUF(JI),JI=1,15)
    END IF
80 FORMAT(///'BREAK DETECTED BY PROGRAM GETDA ',15A2)
85 FORMAT(///'PROGRAMS STOPPED ',15A2)
CALL BLDHDER(NAME,IHEADER,COUNT)
CALL FmpOpen(DCB,IERR,FILENAME,'WC',1)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
    CALL FmpOpen(DCB,IERR1,FILENAME,'WO',1)
    IF (IERR1 .LT. 0) THEN
        CALL FmpReportError(IERR1,GETDA)
        WRITE(LUP,*) 'DATA FILE NOT OPENed'
        GOTO 999
    END IF
END IF
C **** WRITE DATA TO DISK ****
CALL FmpWrite(DCB,IERR,IHEADER,2*512)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'HEADER NOT WRITTEN'
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR,GETDA)
    GOTO 999
END IF
DO JI=1,1440
    DO JK=1,20
        ITP1(JI,JK)=IDATA(JI,JK)
        ITP2(JI,JK)=IDATA(JI,JK+20)
    END DO
    DO JK=1,10
        ITP3(JI,JK)=IDATA(JI,JK+40)
    END DO
END DO
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP1,28800)
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP2,28800)
CALL Vwrit(DCB,IERR,ITP3,14400)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'DATA NOT WRITTEN'
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR,GETDA)
    GOTO 999
END IF
CALL FmcClose(DCB,IERR)
IF (IERR .LT. 0) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'ERROR IN CLOSING DATA FILE'
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR,GETDA)
ELSE
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'DATA WRITTEN TO DISK'
END IF
999 CONTINUE
CALL EXEC(12,GETDA,0)
CALL EXEC(12,DAILY,0)
STOP
END
C **** SUBROUTINE MAP ****
SUBROUTINE MAP(VAL,OFFSET)
IF(OFFSET.EQ.0) RETURN
IF(VAL.GT.360-OFFSET) THEN
    VAL=VAL-360+OFFSET
ELSE IF(VAL.LT.-OFFSET) THEN
    VAL=VAL+360+OFFSET
ELSE
    VAL=VAL+OFFSET
END IF
RETURN
END
C **** SUBROUTINE CHECK ****
SUBROUTINE CHECK(X)
IF(X.LT.0.0) THEN
    X=X+360.0
ELSE IF(X.GT.360.0)THEN
    X=X-360.0
END IF
RETURN
END

```

listing HEADER.FTN:::4:3:34

```
SUBROUTINE BLDHEADER(NAME,IHDR,COUNT)

SUBROUTINE BLDHEADER NAME IS PASSED TO THE
SUBROUTINE AND RHDR IS RETURNED

INTEGER IHEADER(512),DCB(16),IERR(10),IBLOCK(128,10),IHDR(512)
INTEGER UNITS(2,128)
REAL RHEADER(256),RBLOCK(64,10),ZEROS(128),SCALES(128)
CHARACTER*16 NAME,CNAME
INTEGER INAME(8)
EQUIVALENCE (INAME,CNAME)
EQUIVALENCE (IHEADER,RHEADER)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK,RBLOCK)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,1),ZEROS(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,3),SCALES(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,5),UNITS(1,1))
CALL FmpOpen(DCB,IERR(1),'CALTBL.DAT::DATA','RQD',1)
IF (IERR(1) .LT. 0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError (IERR(1),BUILDHEADER)
  WRITE(1,"") 'PROGRAM STOPPED !'
  STOP
END IF
CALL FmpRead(DCB,IERR(2),IBLOCK,128*10)
DO 10 L=1,25
  RHEADER(L)=ZEROS(L)          ! ZERO ARRAY
  K=L+64
  RHEADER(K)=SCALES(L)         ! SLOPE ARRAY
  M=2*L+255
  IHEADER(M)=UNITS(1,M)        ! UNIT ARRAY
  IHEADER(M+1)=UNITS(2,M)        ! UNIT ARRAY
  J=L+407
  IHEADER(J)=L                  ! CHANNELS RECORDED AVE
  IHEADER(J+25)=L+25            ! CHANNELS RECORDED STD
10 CONTINUE
CALL FmpClose(DCB,IERR(3))
IF (IERR(3).LT.0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR(3),BLDHEADER)
  RETURN
END IF
RHEADER(64)=11                  ! FILE TYPE
RHEADER(236)=60.0                ! SAMPLE RATE IN SEC
RHEADER(237)=86400.               ! LENGTH OF RECORD IN SEC
IHEADER(394)=COUNT               ! # OF 4MIN AVE TAKEN
IHEADER(405)=563                 ! # OF BLOCKS
IHEADER(406)=2*25                ! # OF CHANNELS
DO 20 L=1,16,2
  CNAME(L:L+1)=NAME(L:L+1)
20 CONTINUE
DO 30 L=1,8
  J=L+387
  IHEADER(J)=INAME(L)
30 CONTINUE
DO L=1,512
  IHDR(L)=IHEADER(L)
END DO
RETURN
END
```

listing INITIAL.FTN:::4:18:38

```
.EMA/DATA/
  PROGRAM INITIAL
C
C LOCAL VARIABLES
C
  REAL RBLOCK(64,10),ZEROS(128),SCALES(128)
  INTEGER IERR(10),DCB(144),GETDA(3),DAILY(3),DISPL(3)
  INTEGER IHHEADER(512)          ! FILE HEADER
  INTEGER IBLOCK(128,10)         ! CALIBRATION TABLE
  INTEGER LEN                   ! LENGTH OF FILE READ
  INTEGER FmpOpen,FmpRead       ! FMP ROUTINES CALLED AS INTEGER FUN.
  INTEGER BUF(15)               ! BUFFER FOR RETREVING DATE
  INTEGER IDCDB(144)            ! Data Control Block for FMP CALLS
  INTEGER*4 IBK(5,7,2)           ! Integer data block for FMP CAL
  REAL RBK(2,7)                 ! Real data block for FMP CALLS
  CHARACTER*64 CALTBL           ! DISK FILE NAME FOR CALIBRATION FILE
C
C INCLUDE EMA&SC
C
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK,RBLOCK)
EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,1),ZEROS(1))

EQUIVALENCE (IBLOCK(1,3),SCALES(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IBK(1,1,2),RBK(1,1))
DATA GETDA,DAILY,DISPL /'GETDA ','DAILY ','DISPL '/
LU = 1
LUD = 31
LUP = 6
DO JK=1,380
  DO JL=1,32
    XHS(JK,JL)=0.0
    X3S(JK,JL)=0.0
    X10S(JK,JL)=0.0
    X4M(JK,JL)=0.0
    X2BM(JK,JL)=0.0
  END DO
END DO
DO JL=1,25
  OFFSET1H(JL)=0.0
END DO
I=1
IHS=1
I3S=1
I10S=1
I4M=1
I2BM=1
COUNT=0
COUNT1=0
COUNT4=0
COUNTN=0
COUNTS=0
STATUS=1
C
C ***** Extra Chaanel Data *****
C
IDUMY=FmpOpen(IDCDB,IERR,'/DATA/CHANNEL.DAT','RO',1)
IF(IERR.LT.0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR,INITIAL)
END IF
WRITE(1,*) ' Reading extra channel data.'
CALL FmpRewind(IDCDB,IERR)
IDUMY=FmpRead(IDCDB,IERR,IBK,280)
IF (IERR.LT.0) THEN
  WRITE(1,*) 'ERROR IN READING PRESS <CR>'
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR,initial)
END IF
DO 230 I=1,7
  DO 240 J=1,4
    CHNM(1,J)=IBK(J,I,1)
    CHUNIT(1)=IBK(5,1,1)
    C(I)=RBK(1,I)
    D(I)=RBK(2,I)
  240
C
C ***** Rp PROGRAMS TO BE SCHEDULED *****
CALL FmpRpProgram('GETDA.RUN::USER','GETDA','P',IERR(1))
CALL FmpRpProgram('DAILY.RUN::USER','DAILY','P',IERR(2))
CALL FmpRpProgram('DISPL.RUN::USER','DISPL',' ',IERR(3))
IF (IERR(1).LT.0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR(1),GETDA)
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'GETDA.RUN      PROGRAM INITIAL STOPPED'
  STOP
END IF
IF (IERR(2).LT.0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR(3),DAILY)
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'DAILY.RUN      PROGRAM INITIAL STOPPED !'
  STOP
END IF
IF (IERR(3).LT.0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError(IERR(4),DISPL)
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'DISPL.RUN      PROGRAM INITIAL STOPPED !'
  STOP
END IF
C
C ***** LOCK SHAREABLE EMA PARTITION *****
  CALL LKEMA
C
C ***** READ SYSTEM TIME *****
  
```

```

CALL EXEC(11,TIME)
TIME(3)=TIME(3)+2          ! INCREMENT STARTING TIME 2 MINS
IF (TIME(3).GE.59) THEN    ! THEN START 1 MIN PAST HOUR
  TIME(4)=TIME(4)+1
  TIME(3)=1
ENDIF
TIME(2)=0
TIME(1)=0
I1M=TIME(4)*60+TIME(3)+1 ! SET I1M TO STARTING TIME

C
CALL FTIME(BUF)
CALL DFILEN(FILENAME,NAME)
WRITE(LUP,10) (BUF(JI),JI=1,15)
10 FORMAT(//,***** 34M VÄVT DATA LOGGER ! 15A2, ' *****')
LEN = FmpOpen(DCB,IERR(10),FILENAME,'RQ',1)
IF(IERR(10).GE.0) THEN      ! IF DATA FILE ALREADY EXIST
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'READING PREVIOUS DATA FROM DISK'
  LEN = FmpRead(DCB,IERR(6),IHEADER,512)
  CALL VMAREAD(DCB,IERR,IData,1800)
  CALL VMAREAD(DCB,IERR,IData,1800)
  CALL VMAREAD(DCB,IERR,IData,1800)
  CALL VMAREAD(DCB,IERR,IData,1800)
  COUNT = IHEADER(394)
  IF (IERR .LT. 0) GOTO 30
ELSE                      ! SET DATA FILE TO ZERO
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'INITIALIZE 1 MIN ARRAYS'
  DO 50 J=1,50
    DO 60 K=1,1440
      IData(K,J)=0
    CONTINUE
 50 CONTINUE
ENDIF

C***** READ CALIBRATION FACTORS FROM DISK *****
CALL FmpBuildName(CALTBL,'CALTBL','DAT',0,'DATA')
IF( FmpOpen(DCB,IERR(7),CALTBL,'RQ',1).LT.0) THEN
  IF( IERR(7) .EQ. -6 ) THEN
    WRITE(LUP,*) 'CALIBRATION TABLE DOES NOT EXIST!'
  ELSE
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR(7),CALTBL)
  END IF
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'PROGRAM STOPPED !'
  STOP
END IF
LEN = FmpRead(DCB,IERR(8),IBLOCK,128*10*2)
IF( IERR(8) .LT. 0) THEN
  CALL FmpReportError( IERR(8),CALTBL)
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'PROGRAM STOPPED !'
  STOP
ELSE IF( LEN .NE. 128*10*2 ) THEN
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'COULD NOT READ EXPECTED AMOUNT OF DATA'
  WRITE(LUP,*) 'FROM CALIBRATION TABLE.  PROGRAM STOPPED!'
  STOP
ELSE
  CONTINUE
END IF
DO 70 K=1,25
  A(K)=SCALES(K)
  B(K)=ZEROS(K)
70 CONTINUE

C***** SCHEDULE PROGRAMS *****
CALL EXEC(12,GETDA,1,50,TIME(4),TIME(3))  ! SCD @ T4:T3 & EVERY 0.1S
WRITE(LUP,105) TIME(4),TIME(3)
105 FORMAT(' PROGRAM GETDA SCHEDULED TO START AT ',I2,':',I2)
CALL EXEC(12,DAILY,1,0,0,0)                 ! SCD @ 00:00:00
WRITE(LUP,*) 'PROGRAM DAILY SCHEDULED'
CALL EXEC(10,DISPL)                         ! SCD IMMEDIATELY
WRITE(LUP,106)
106 FORMAT('*** PROGRAM INITIAL COMPLETE ***'//)

STOP
END

```

```

listing MENU.FTN:::4:5:39

SEMA/DATA/
PROGRAM MENU
C
C LOCAL VARIABLES
C
    INTEGER CLAS           ! CLASS NUMBER
    INTEGER WD(7)          ! WIND DIRECTION DESIGNATION
    INTEGER ANS
    INTEGER IDCB(144)       ! Data Control Block for FMP CALLS
    INTEGER*4 IBK(5,7,2)     ! Integer data block for FMP CAL
    REAL RBK(2,7)          ! Real data block for FMP CALLS
    INTEGER CHN
    INTEGER J1CH(4)         ! WIND DIRECTION CHANNEL NUMBERS
    INTEGER*4 NCNM(4)
    INTEGER BUF(15)
    INTEGER FORMFEED,IHOME,IRASE
    INTEGER INDEX2
    INTEGER INDX,IST(5),STDE
    INTEGER LUDD             ! DISPLAY LU NOT RESETABLE BY MENU
    REAL SCALE(32),DV(32),CP(4)
    CHARACTER BELL
    CHARACTER*4 UWS,UTP,UBP,USG
    CHARACTER*6 UTQ
C
C INCLUDE EMA&SC
C
C
EQUIVALENCE (IBK(1,1,2),RBK(1,1))
DATA J1CH/10,12,15,16/
DATA SCALE/32*1.0/
BELL = CHAR(7)
LUDD = 1
IHOME = 15400B+150B           ! HOME ALPHA CURSER Esc h
IRASE = 15400B+112B           ! CLEAR ALPHA DISPL Esc j
FORMFEED = 006000B
STDE = 1                      ! Select 3 sec Std dev
CLAS = 0
CALL CLRQ(1,CLAS)
CALL FmpOpen(IDCB,IERR,'/DATA/CHANNEL.DAT','WRO',1)
IF (IERR.LT.0) THEN
    CALL FmpReportError(IERR,CHANNEL)
    CALL INPUTVAL(IWAIT)
END IF
C
10 WRITE(1,5) IHOME,IRASE
5 FORMAT(2A2)
15 CALL FTIME(BUF)
WRITE(1,30) IHOME,(BUF(JI),JI=1,15),STATUS
30 FORMAT(A2/,21X,'SANDIA NATIONAL LABORATORIES '/',
1 20X,'METRE TEST BED DATA LOGGER',/20X,15A2/,
2 20X,' Current STATUS = ',I2,
3 20X,'0 Set current DATA to ZERO',
4 20X,'1 Return/Continue taking DATA',
5 20X,'2 Store current DATA and STOP taking DATA',
6 20X,'3 STOP taking DATA',
7 20X,'4 Display Data')
WRITE(1,31)
31 FORMAT(20X,'5 Input/Change Extra Channel data',
1 20X,'6 Change LU for DISPL program ',
2 20X,'7 Return to CI ',
3 20X,' Enter Number -')
CALL INPUTVAL(NSTATUS)
IF(NSTATUS.EQ.0) THEN
    CALL CHECK(ANS)
    IF(ANS.EQ.1) STATUS = 0           !SET DATA TO ZERO
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.1) THEN
        STATUS = 1                   !TAKE DATA
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.2) THEN
        CALL CHECK(ANS)
        IF(ANS.EQ.1) THEN
            STATUS = 2               !STORE DATA AND STOP
            GOTO 900
        END IF
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.3) THEN
        CALL CHECK(ANS)
        IF(ANS.EQ.1) THEN
            STATUS = 3               !STOP WITH OUT STORE
            GOTO 900
        END IF
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.7) THEN
        WRITE(1,90)
        FORMAT(///)
        GOTO 900
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.4) THEN
        GOTO 100
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.5) THEN
        GOTO 200
    ELSE IF(NSTATUS.EQ.6) THEN
        WRITE(1,40)                   !CHANGE LU FOR DISPL
        FORMAT(//INPUT LU NUMBER FOR DISPL PROGRAM (31,32,1) _)
        READ(1,45) LUU
        FORMAT(I2)
45    FORMAT(I2)
    ELSE
        WRITE(1,*) BELL
60    FORMAT(A2,'INVALID RESPONSE')

```

```

      DO 50 JKL= 1,1000
50   CONTINUE
      END IF
      GOTO 10
900 STOP
C ***** DISPLAY DATA *****
C
100 CONTINUE
  WRITE(1,5) IHOME,IRASE
  WRITE(LUDD,5) IHOME,IRASE
    UWS=' m/s '
    UTO='kNm '
    UTP='C '
    UBP='kPa '
    USG='kW '
    IC=0
1000 INPUT=0
  INDEX2=I3S-1
  IF( IC.GE.10 ) THEN
    WRITE(LUDD,5) IHOME,IRASE
    IC=0
  ELSE
    IC=IC+1
  END IF
  WRITE(LUDD,1001) IHOME
1001 FORMAT(A2_,'15X,' SNLA 34 METRE VAWT TEST BED DATA ',
1  'LOGGER',20X,'//)
  CALL CHECKWS
  DO J=1,32
    DV(J)=X3S(INDEX2,J)
  END DO
C *****
LUS=1
INCLUDE SCREEN
C
  WRITE(LUDD,1006) DV(25)
1006 FORMAT('PLC='F5.2,'V
1  'PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE MAIN MENU ')
  CALL EXEC(17,1004008+LUDD,INPUT,-1,PARM1,PARM2,CLAS+1000008)
1100 CONTINUE
  CALL EXEC(21,CLAS+1200008,INPUT,-1)
  IF(INPUT.NE.0) THEN
    CALL CLRQ(3,CLAS,1)
    GOTO 10
  END IF
  IF(I3S-1.NE. INDEX2) THEN
    CALL CLRQ(3,CLAS,1)
    GOTO 1000
  END IF
  GOTO 1100
C ***** INPUT CHANNEL DATA *****
200 CONTINUE
  WRITE(1,2000) IHOME,IRASE
  WRITE(1,2005) (J,(CHNM(J,JK),JK=1,4),CHUNIT(J),C(J),D(J),J=1,7)
210 WRITE(1,2010)
  CALL INPUTVAL(CHN)
  IF (CHN.LT.0.OR.CHN.GT.10) THEN
    GOTO 210
  ELSE IF (CHN.EQ.0) THEN
    WRITE(6,2005) (J,(CHNM(J,JK),JK=1,4),CHUNIT(J),
1  C(J),D(J),J=1,7)
    WRITE(6,2000) FORMFEED
    GOTO 200
  ELSE IF (CHN.EQ.8) THEN          ! Return to MAIN MENU
    GOTO 10
  ELSE IF (CHN.EQ.9) THEN          ! Save values on the disk
    WRITE(1,*), 'WRITE DATA'
    DO 250 I=1,7
      DO 260 J=1,4
        IBK(J,I,1)=CHNM(1,J)
        IBK(5,I,1)=CHUNIT(I)
        RBK(1,I)=C(I)
        RBK(2,I)=D(I)
260    CALL FmpRewind(IDCB,IERR)
    CALL FmpWrite(IDCB,IERR,IBK,280)
    IF (IERR.LT.0) THEN
      WRITE(1,*) 'ERROR IN WRITING DATA PRESS <CR>'
      CALL FmpReportError(IERR,CHANNEL)
      CALL INPUTVAL(IWAIT)
    END IF
    GOTO 200
  ELSE IF (CHN.EQ.10)THEN         ! Read values from the disk
    WRITE(1,*), 'READING DATA'
    CALL FmpRewind(IDCB,IERR)
    CALL FmpRead(IDCB,IERR,IBK,280)
    IF (IERR.LT.0) THEN
      WRITE(1,*) 'ERROR IN READING PRESS <CR>'
      CALL FmpReportError(IERR,CHANNEL)
      CALL INPUTVAL(IWAIT)
    END IF
    DO 230 I=1,7
      DO 240 J=1,4
        CHNM(1,J)=IBK(J,I,1)
        CHUNIT(I)=IBK(5,I,1)
        C(I)=RBK(1,I)
        D(I)=RBK(2,I)
240    GOTO 200
    END IF
  WRITE(1,2025) CHN

```

```

READ(1,2030) (NCHNM(J),J=1,4)
IF (NCHNM(1).NE.4H) THEN
  DO J = 1,4
    CHNM(CHN,J)=NCHNM(J)
  END DO
END IF
WRITE(1,2035)
READ(1,2030) NCHNM(1)
IF (NCHNM(1).NE.4H) THEN
  CHUNIT(CHN)=NCHNM(1)
END IF
WRITE(1,2040)
READ(1,2045) C(CHN)
WRITE(1,2050)
READ(1,2045) D(CHN)
GOTO 200
2000 FORMAT(2A2)
2005 FORMAT('Channel Description Units Scale Zero',/,
  1      7(3X,I2,6X,4A,2X,A4,4X,FB.6,2X,FB.6,/))
2010 FORMAT(/'Input channel number to change: _?_ or /',
  1      '_?_ to print data, or R to READ values from the disk _/.,
  2      '_?_S to SAVE values on the disk _',
  3      '_?_or M to return to MAIN MENU _')
2025 FORMAT('For channel ',I2,':_',
  1      '_?_ CR> saves current description/units, sets A/B=0',
  2      '_?_ Input channel description, up to 16 characters, _')
2030 FORMAT(4A4)
2035 FORMAT('Input channel units, up to 4 characters, _')
2040 FORMAT('Input channel scale, Y=Ax+B A=_')
2045 FORMAT(F8.0)
2050 FORMAT('Input channel offset, Y=Ax+B B=_')
END
C***** SUBROUTINE CHECK *****
C SUBROUTINE RETURN A 1 IF OK TO CONTINUE
C
SUBROUTINE CHECK(ANS)
INTEGER ANS,CH
C
10 WRITE(1,100)
100 FORMAT(//'ARE YOU SURE (N)?     ENTER Y OR N _')
ILU=1+100B
CALL INPUTVAL(CH)
CH=CH+ICHAR('0')
IF(CH.EQ.89.OR.CH.EQ.121) THEN          !Y OR y
  ANS=1
ELSE
  ANS=2
END IF
RETURN
END
C***** SUBROUTINE INPUTVAL *****
C SUBROUTINE RETURNS AN INTEGER ENTERED FROM THE KEY BOARD
C
SUBROUTINE INPUTVAL(INT)
CHARACTER SEL
INTEGER C,INT,ISEL
INTEGER LUINPUT,ILU
C
LUINPUT=1
ILU=LUINPUT+100B
CALL EXEC(1,ILU,C,-1)
SEL = CHAR( C/256 )
ISEL = ICHAR(SEL)
IF (ISEL.EQ.77 .OR. ISEL.EQ.109) THEN    ! IF M
  INT = 8
ELSEIF (ISEL.EQ.83 .OR. ISEL.EQ.115) THEN   ! IF S
  INT = 9
ELSEIF (ISEL.EQ.82 .OR. ISEL.EQ.114) THEN   ! IF R
  INT = 10
ELSE
  INT = ISEL-ICHAR('0')
END IF
RETURN
END
C
INCLUDE CHECKWS

```

listing PLUT.FTN:::4:54:36

```
*****
C
SUBROUTINE PLUT(PARRAY,LUD,WS,NCH,IUN1,IUN2,IUN3,ITIM,
1          ICH,S1)
C
REAL PARRAY(363,3)           ! DATA ARRAYS
REAL PLOTAR(363)            ! ARRAY TO PLOT
REAL DATO(363)              ! TIME AXIS ARRAY
REAL DEL(3)
REAL FP(3)
REAL TOTA, TOT2, TOT3       ! CHANNEL TOTALS FOR AVE
REAL AVG1, AVG2, AVG3       ! CHANNEL AVERAGES
REAL DMAX(3)                 ! CHANNEL MAX VALUE
REAL DMIN(3)                 ! CHANNEL MIN VALUE
REAL DR(3)
REAL SI                      ! CHANNEL RANGE
REAL S1                      ! SECONDS PER POINT
CHARACTER MFN*50             ! TimeSeries File Name
CHARACTER GBUFF*102          ! WORKING BUFFER FOR HEADERS
INTEGER IUN1(5)
INTEGER IUN2(5)
INTEGER IUN3(5)
INTEGER ITIM(5)
INTEGER ICH(3)
INTEGER NCH
INTEGER LUD
INTEGER WS
C
DATA MFN /'SNLA/USDA 34M VAWT TEST BED DATA LOGGER'/
C
IHOME = 154008+150B          ! HOME CURSOR   ESC h
IRASE = 154008+112B          ! CLEAR ALPH DISPL  ESC R
IBELL = 003400B               ! RING BELL    CHAR(7)
IND = 361                     ! NUMBER OF POINTS TO PLOT ?
NRD = 361                     ! NUMBER OF POINTS TO PLOT ?
NNN = 1                       ! PLOT EVERY POINT
C
DO J=1,361
  DATO(J)=J-1
END DO
C
C FIND DATA'S MAX & MIN AMPLITUDES
C
10 DMAX( 2 ) = -1.E+30
  DMIN( 2 ) = 1.E+30
  DMAX( 3 ) = -1.E+30
  DMIN( 3 ) = 1.E+30
  DO I=1, IND
    IF( PARRAY( 1,2 ) .GT. DMAX( 2 ) ) DMAX( 2 ) = PARRAY( 1,2 )
    IF( PARRAY( 1,2 ) .LT. DMIN( 2 ) ) DMIN( 2 ) = PARRAY( 1,2 )
    IF( PARRAY( 1,3 ) .GT. DMAX( 3 ) ) DMAX( 3 ) = PARRAY( 1,3 )
    IF( PARRAY( 1,3 ) .LT. DMIN( 3 ) ) DMIN( 3 ) = PARRAY( 1,3 )
  END DO
  DR( 2 ) = DMAX( 2 ) - DMIN( 2 )
  DR( 3 ) = DMAX( 3 ) - DMIN( 3 )
C
C AUTO SCALE ON TWO ADDITIONAL CHANNELS
C DETERMINE THE 1ST POINT AND DELTA TO PLOT
C
30 DELCHK = 0.01
  DO 70 I=2, 3
    IF( DR( I ) .LE. 0.0 ) THEN
      DEL( I ) = 0.01
      FP( I ) = DMAX( I ) - 2.0 * DEL( I )
      GOTO 70
    END IF
 35  FLAST = 0.02
  DALL = 0.02
  DELL1 = 0.1
 40  IF( DR( I ) .LE. FLAST ) GOTO 60
    IF( FLAST .GE. DELL1 ) THEN
      DALL = DELL1
      DELL1 = DELL1 * 10.0
    END IF
 50  FLAST = FLAST + DALL
  GOTO 40
 60  DEL( I ) = FLAST / 2.0
    IFLAS1 = IFIX( DMIN( I ) / 10000.0 / DEL( I ) )
    VARCHK = DMIN( I ) - FLOAT( IFLAS1 ) * 10000.0 * DEL( I )
    IFLAS = VARCHK / DEL( I )
    IF( DMIN( I ) .LT. 0 ) IFLAS = IFLAS - 1
    IF( I .EQ. 2 ) IFLAS = IFLAS - 1
    FP( I ) = (FLOAT( IFLAS1 ) * 10000.0 + FLOAT( IFLAS )) *
    1          DEL( I )
 70  CONTINUE
 80  FP1 = 0.0
  DEL1 = 25.0
C
C FIX TIME SCALE PARAMETERS
C
TT = S1 *(NRD - 1.0) * NNN           ! TOTAL TIME      D-24
BT = DATO( 1 )
DELT = TT / 5.0
IF( TT .GT. 3600 ) THEN
  BT = BT / 3600.0
  ! TOTAL TIME / 5 INCH
  ! MORE THAN 1 HOUR

```

```

DELT = DELT / 3600.0
DO 700 I=1, NRD
    DATO( I ) = DATO( I ) / 3600.0
700  CONTINUE
    ITIM( 4 ) = 2HHR
    ITIM( 5 ) = 2HS)
ELSE IF( TT .GT. 200 ) THEN           ! MORE THAN 3 MIN
    BT = BT / 60.0
    DELT = DELT / 60.0
    DO 710 I=1, NRD
        DATO( I ) = DATO( I ) / 60.0
710  CONTINUE
    ITIM( 4 ) = 2HMI
    ITIM( 5 ) = 2HN)
END IF
85 WRITE(LUD,581) INOME
581 FORMAT(5A2)
WRITE(LUD,581) IRASE
C   CALL PLOTS( LUD )                  ! INITIALIZE GRAPHICS
C   CALL PLOTS(IARRAY,1,LUD)          ! INITIALIZE GRAPHICS
C   1ST POINT AND DELTA STORED FOR LATER USE
C
FP2 = FP( 2 )
FP3 = FP( 3 )
DEL2 = DEL( 2 )
DEL3 = DEL( 3 )
PARRAY( IND + 1, 2 ) = FP( 2 )
PARRAY( IND + 2, 2 ) = DEL( 2 )
PARRAY( IND + 1, 3 ) = FP( 3 )
PARRAY( IND + 2, 3 ) = DEL( 3 )
PARRAY( IND + 1, 1 ) = 0
PARRAY( IND + 2, 1 ) = DEL1
DATO( IND + 1 ) = BT                ! CHANGED BP TO BT
DATO( IND + 2 ) = DELT / SI         ! ADDED (/ SI)
C   COMPUTE AVERAGES.
C
TOT1 = 0.0
TOT2 = 0.0
TOT3 = 0.0
DO 750 I=1, IND
    TOT1 = TOT1 + PARRAY( I, 1 )
    TOT2 = TOT2 + PARRAY( I, 2 )
    TOT3 = TOT3 + PARRAY( I, 3 )
750  CONTINUE
AVG1 = TOT1 / IND
AVG2 = TOT2 / IND
AVG3 = TOT3 / IND
C   START PLOTTING
C
CALL ZNEWF
CALL ZMOVE( 0.0 , 5.85 )
C
560 WRITE(GBUFF,560) MFN(1:50)
FORMAT(1X,A)
CALL PRINTG( GBUFF )
IF(WS.GT.0) THEN
    IF(NCH.EQ.1) THEN
        WRITE(GBUFF,570) AVG1,AVG2
    ELSE IF(NCH.EQ.2) THEN
        WRITE(GBUFF,570) AVG1,AVG2,AVG3
    END IF
    570 FORMAT(1X,'WS AVE= ',F5.2,2(' CH',I2,' AVE=',F6.3,2X))
    ELSE
        IF(NCH.EQ.1) THEN
            WRITE(GBUFF,575) 1,AVG2
        ELSE IF(NCH.EQ.2) THEN
            WRITE(GBUFF,575) 1,AVG2,AVG3
        END IF
    575 FORMAT(1X,'CHANNELS',2(I2,'AVE=',F6.3,2X))
    END IF
    CALL PRINTG( GBUFF )
C   FILL LINE ARRAYS
C
290 DO 760 I=1, IND
    DATO( I ) = DATO( I ) - BT
    PARRAY( I,1 ) = PARRAY( I,1 ) + 3.0 * DEL1
760  CONTINUE
C   DRAW AXISES
C
CALL PPLOT( 0.35 , 0.4 , -3 )
NCL = NRD / 100
NCL = NCL * 10 + 10
TIME = BT
CALL AXIS( 0.0 , 0.0 , ITIM ; -10 , 5.0 , 0.0 , TIME , DELT )
CALL AXIS( 0.0 , 0.0 , IUN2 ; 10 , -4.0 , 90.0 , FP( 2 ), 1
    , DEL( 2 ) )
1 IF( NCH .EQ. 2 ) THEN
    CALL AXIS( 5.0 , 0.0 , IUN3 ; -10 , -4.0 , 90.0 ,
    1 FP( 3 ), DEL( 3 ) )
1 END IF
1 IF( WS .GT. 0 ) THEN
    CALL AXIS( 5.5 , 3.0 , IUN1 ; -10 , 2.0 , 90.0 , 0.0 , 25.0 )
    DO JT=1,IND+2
        PLOTAR(JT)=PARRAY(JT,1)
    END IF
1 IF( WS .GT. 0 ) THEN
    CALL AXIS( 5.5 , 3.0 , IUN1 ; -10 , 2.0 , 90.0 , 0.0 , 25.0 )
    DO JT=1,IND+2
        PLOTAR(JT)=PARRAY(JT,1)
    END IF
D-25

```

```

END DO
CALL ELINE( DATO , PLOTAR , IND , 1 , NCL , 0 )
CALL SYMB( 5.85 , 3.0 , 0.14 , 0 , 0.0 , -1 )
END IF
DO JT=1,IND+2
PLOTAR(JT)=PARRAY(JT,2)
END DO
CALL ELINE( DATO , PLOTAR , IND , 1 , NCL , 1 )
CALL SYMB( -0.25 , 0.5 , 0.14 , 1 , 6.0 , -1 )
IF( NCH .EQ. 2 ) THEN
DO JT=1,IND+2
PLOTAR(JT)=PARRAY(JT,3)
END DO
CALL ELINE( DATO , PLOTAR , IND , 1 , NCL , 11 )
CALL SYMB( 5.35 , 0.5 , 0.14 , 11 , 6.0 , -1 )
END IF
330 CONTINUE
CALL ZANG( 0.0 )
CALL GTDAT( GBUFF )           ! PUT DATE AND TIME ON PLOT
CALL PPLOT( 3.9 , -0.4 , 3 )
CALL PRINTG( GBUFF )
CALL ANMDE
WRITE(LUD,580) 1BELL
580 FORMAT(/////////,A2)
WRITE(LUD,590)
590 FORMAT(/////////
1   63X,'PRESS CR> '/',
1   63X,'TO RETURN' ,
2   63X,'TO MAIN MENU' //,
3   63X,'PRESS "ENTER" //',
4   63X,'ON GRAPHICS' ,
4   63X,'KEY BOARD' ,
5   63X,'TO COPY PLOT _')
READ(LUD,335) IDUMMY
335 FORMAT(A2)
340 CALL EDITM(LUD)
RETURN
END

```

```

C SYSTEM COMMON VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
C
C      INTEGER I           ! SAMPLE INDEX          1-120
C      INTEGER IHS          ! 0.5 SEC INDEX        1-380
C      INTEGER I3S          ! 3 SEC INDEX          1-380
C      INTEGER I10S         ! 10 SEC INDEX         1-380
C      INTEGER I4M          ! 4 MIN INDEX         1-380
C      INTEGER I28M         ! 28 MIN INDEX        1-380
C      INTEGER I1M          ! 1 MIN INDEX         1-1440
C      INTEGER COUNT        ! COUNT OF 4MIN AVE   0-360
C      INTEGER COUNT1        ! COUNT OF 1MIN AVE    0-3
C      INTEGER COUNT4        ! COUNT OF 4MIN AVE    0-7
C      INTEGER LUD          ! LU FOR DISPL
C      INTEGER COUNTN,COUNTS ! COUNT OF TIMES NORTH/SOUTH ANEMOM<>
C      INTEGER*4 CHNM(7,4)    ! NAMES OF NON STRORED CHANNELS
C      INTEGER*4 CHUNIT(7)   ! UNITS OF NON STRORED CHANNELS
C      INTEGER STATUS        ! STATUS: 0=SET NEW DATA TO ZERO,
C                           ! 1=TAKE DATA, 2=STORE DATA AND STOP
C                           ! 3=STOP WITHOUT SAVING DATA
C
C      REAL OFFSET1M(25)     ! OFFSET ARRAY FOR CORRECTING WD
C
C      REAL STDDEV(2,7)      ! Standard Deviation of non stored
C                           ! channels, 3 sec/ 10 sec
C
C      INTEGER TIME(5)        ! DAY OF YEAR,HOUR,MIN,SEC 10mSEC
C      CHARACTER*64 FILENAME  ! DATA STORAGE FILE DESCRIPTOR
C      CHARACTER*16 NAME       ! DATA STORAGE FILE NAME
C
C      INTEGER LU
C
C      COMMON//I,IHS,I3S,I10S,I4M,I28M,I1M,TIME,NAME,FILENAME,LU,
C      1      COUNT,COUNT1,COUNT4,COUNTN,COUNTS,CHNM,CHUNIT,
C      2      STATUS,OFFSET1M,LUD,STDDEV
C
C SHARABLE EMA VARIABLE DEFINITIONS
C
C      COMMON/DATA/A(25),B(25), C(7),D(7) ! CALIBRATION FACTORS--SLOPE & ZERO OFFSET
C      XHS(380,32),             ! 0.5 SEC VALUES      LAST 3 MIN
C      X3S(380,32),             ! 3 SEC AVERAGES     LAST 18 MINS
C      X10S(380,32),            ! 10 SEC AVERAGES    LAST HOUR
C      X4M(380,32),             ! 4 MIN AVERAGES     LAST DAY
C      X28M(380,32),            ! 28 MIN AVERAGES    LAST WEEK
C      IDATA(1440,50),          ! 1 MIN AVE & STD DEVIATIONS
C      ITP1(1440,20),           ! 1 MIN AVE & SD TEMP ARRAY FOR Vwrit
C      ITP2(1440,20),           ! 1 MIN AVE & SD TEMP ARRAY FOR Vwrit
C      ITP3(1440,10)            ! 1 MIN AVE & SD TEMP ARRAY FOR Vwrit

```

listing SCREEN:::4:24:32

```
DO J=1,4
  J1=J1CH(J)
  IF(DV(J1).LE.23.0.OR.DV(J1).GT.338) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HN)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.68) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HNE)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.113) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HE)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.158) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HSE)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.203) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HS)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.248) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HSW)
  ELSEIF(DV(J1).LE.293) THEN
    WD(J)=(2HW)
  ELSE
    WD(J)=(2HNW)
  END IF
END DO
C      RotorPower=Torque*Rpm*2Pi/60
C
RP=DV(19)*DV(24)*0.1047/SCALE(19)
C      CP=POWER/(0.5*row *AREA*WS**3)
C      CP=POWER/(0.5*1.293 *955 *WS**3)
CP(1)=RP/(617.4*DVC(2)**3)
CP(2)=DV(17)/(617.4*DVC(2)**3)
CP(3)=RP/(617.4*DVC(1)**3)
CP(4)=DV(17)/(617.4*DVC(2)**1)
WRITE(LUS,1010)
WRITE(LUS,1011) DV(1),UWS,DV(10),WD(1),CP(1),CP(2)
WRITE(LUS,1012) DV(3),UWS,DV(12),WD(2),CP(3),CP(4)
WRITE(LUS,1013) DV(6),UWS,DV(15),WD(3)
WRITE(LUS,1014) DV(7),UWS
WRITE(LUS,1015) DV(8),UWS,DV(16),WD(4),DV(17),DV(18)
WRITE(LUS,1016) DV(9),UWS,RP
WRITE(LUS,1017)
WRITE(LUS,1018)
WRITE(LUS,1019) DV(4),DV(5),DV(24)
WRITE(LUS,1020) DV(19),UTQ
WRITE(LUS,1021) (CHNM(1,M),M=1,4),DV(26),CHUNIT(1),
  STDDEV(STDDE_1),DV(20),USSG
WRITE(LUS,1022) (CHNM(2,M),M=1,4),DV(27),CHUNIT(2),
  STDDEV(STDDE_2)
WRITE(LUS,1023) (CHNM(3,M),M=1,4),DV(28),CHUNIT(3),
  STDDEV(STDDE_3)
WRITE(LUS,1024) (CHNM(4,M),M=1,4),DV(29),CHUNIT(4),
  STDDEV(STDDE_4),DV(21),UTP
WRITE(LUS,1025) (CHNM(5,M),M=1,4),DV(30),CHUNIT(5),
  STDDEV(STDDE_5),DV(22),UTP
WRITE(LUS,1026) (CHNM(6,M),M=1,4),DV(31),CHUNIT(6),
  STDDEV(STDDE_6),DV(13),UBP
CALL FTIME(BUF)
WRITE(LUS,1027) (CHNM(7,M),M=1,4),DV(32),CHUNIT(7),
  STDDEV(STDDE_7),(BUF(J),J=1,15)
1010 FORMAT('WIND
  Speed   Direction ',10X,
  'COEF OF PERFORMANCE
  ',10X)
1011 FORMAT(' 10 m   ',F4.1,A5,F6.1,' deg ',A2,10X,
  'Equator:  Aero ',F5.3,' System ',F5.3)
1012 FORMAT(' 30 m   ',F4.1,A5,F6.1,' deg ',A2,10X,
  ' 10 metre  Aero ',F5.3,' System ',F5.3)
1013 FORMAT(' NE   ',F4.1,A5,F6.1,' deg ',A2,10X,
  'POWER
  ',10X)
1014 FORMAT(' NW   ',F4.1,A5,' ',10X,
  ' ')
1015 FORMAT(' SE   ',F4.1,A5,F6.1,' deg ',A2,10X,
  'Electrical ',F6.1,' kW',2X,F6.1,' kvar')
1016 FORMAT(' SW   ',F4.1,A5,' ',10X,
  'Rotor',8X,F6.1,' kW')
1017 FORMAT('
  ',10X)
1018 FORMAT('CONTROLLER
  ',10X,
  'TURBINE
  ',10X)
1019 FORMAT(F4.2,' Volts ',F4.2,' Volts',20X,
  'Speed',10X,F4.1,' rpm')
1020 FORMAT('
  ',10X,
  'Torque',7X,F6.1,A7)
1021 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,
  'Tiedown Cable ',F5.1,A5)
1022 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,' ')
1023 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,
  'AMBIENT CONDITIONS
  ',1)
1024 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,
  'Temperature 10 metre ',F5.1,A6)
1025 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,
  'Temperature 48 metre ',F5.1,A6)
1026 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,
  'Barometric Pressure',3X,F5.2,A5)
1027 FORMAT(4A,1X,F7.2,1X,A4,1X,F6.2,6X,15A2,' ')
```

Appendix E

HP 1000 SYSTEM GENERATION ANSWER FILE AND WELCOME FILE

I32> LI,ANS.4
ANS 92077-17197 REV.2440 <890222.1804>
RTE-A.3 Primary System Generation Answer File (Non VC+)

*REVISED 02-22-89 M E RALPH

*
*
* Links,cp,, use current page links

* System Relocation

*
re %VCTR::RTE
*
re %EXEC::RTE
re %MEMORY::RTE
*
re %RPL60::RTE,, A-600 no CDS no double precision floating point

re %SAM::RTE
re %TIME::RTE
re %SCHED::RTE
re %STRNG::RTE
re %LOCK::RTE
re %ERLOG::RTE
RE,/RTE/%VEMA
re %DPMG::RTE
RE,/RTE/%XCMD
re %SYCOM::RTE
RE,/RTE/%STAT
re %LOAD::RTE
*
re %RTIOA::RTE
re %IOMOD::RTE
RE,/RTE/%PERR
re %CLASS::RTE
*

* SEARCH LIBRARIES

*
ms \$SYSA::RTE
se \$MATH::RTE
se \$SYSLB::RTE
end

* OS PARTITIONS

*

* Driver partitions

*
re %DD.33::RTE,, CS 80 DISK
end
*
* re %ID.00::RTE,, ASYNC SERIAL
* end
*
re %ID.37::RTE,, HPIB
RE,/RTE/%DD.30,, DISK 9133
end
*
re %IDM00::RTE,, ASYNC MUX
end
*
re %DD.00::RTE,, TERMINAL
ALIGN
RE,/RTE/%ID.50,, A/D DRIVER
end
*
* end driver partition
*
end
*

* Table Generation -- configure LU tables

*

* ASYNC MUX LU'S select code = 23b
* LU 1 & 31-37

*
1FT,%idm00::RTE,SC:23B,TX:20
*
DVT,%DD.00::RTE,M26XX,LU:1,QU:F1,TX:57,DP:1:20004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,%DD.00::RTE,M26XX,LU:31,QU:F1,TX:57,DP:1:20004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,%DD.00::RTE,M26XX,LU:32,QU:F1,TX:57,DP:1:20004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,%DD.00::RTE,M26XX,LU:33,QU:F1,TX:57,DP:1:20004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,%DD.00::RTE,M26XX,LU:34,QU:F1,TX:57,DP:1:20004B,-

```

DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,XDD,00::RTE,M26XX,LU:35,BU:FI,TX:57,DP:1:2004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,XDD,00::RTE,M26XX,LU:36,BU:FI,TX:57,DP:1:2004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
DVT,XDD,00::RTE,M26XX,LU:37,BU:FI,TX:57,DP:1:2004B,-
DP:5:C1:20040B:20040B:0,DP:9:CM:20040B:20040B:CM
*
*****
* HP-IB #1 -- discs and magnetic tape select code = 27b
*****q
*
1FT,XID.37::RTE,SC:27B
*
*
* 7942 CS-80 DISC
NP-IB address 2
LU 16,17 & 20
*
DVT,XDD.33::RTE,M7912_LF:0,LU:16,DP:1:2:0:0:0:0,DP:6:400:48:0
DVT,XDD.33::RTE,M7912_LF:1,LU:17,DP:1:2:0:0:0:19200,DP:6:943:48:0
DVT,XDD.33::RTE,M7912_LF:2,LU:20,DP:1:2:0:0:0:64750,DP:6:587:48:0
*
* CS-80 cartridge tape cache LU 24
DVT,XDD.33::RTE,MTAPE,LU:24,DP:1:2:400B:100000B:0:64464,DP:6:0:0:0
*
*
* 9133XV SNLA Org 7521 Aux disk for SYSTEM updates NP-IB address 3
LU 21-23
DVT,/RTE/XDD.30,M9134L:0,LU:21,DP:1:3,DP:4:0:0:300:31:6
DVT,/RTE/XDD.30,M9134L:1,LU:22,DP:1:3,DP:4:50:0:720:31:6
DVT,/RTE/XDD.30,M9134L:2,LU:23,DP:1:3,DP:4:170:0:810:31:6
*
*
* HP-IB tape drive 7970E NP-IB address 4
* ***** RELOCATE DRIVER LU 8
*DVT,XDD.23::RTE,M7970E:0,LU:8,DP:1:4,PR:1
*****
* ANALOG INPUT CARD SELECT CODE 33B
*****
1FT,XID.50::RTE,SC:33B
LU 10
DVT,,,LU:10,TO:500,DT:45B,DX:2,DP:1:1:2
*
*****
* HP-IB #2 -- Printers and slow devices select code = 31b
*****
1FT,XID.37::RTE,SC:31B
*
* THINKJET
NP-IB address 1
LU 6
DVT,,,LU:6,TO:500,DT:12B,DX:1,DP:1:1
*
*
end
*
end
*
*****
* Define Node Lists
*****
*
* ASYNC MUX
*NODE,1,31,32,33,34,35,36,37
*
* 7942 CS-80 DISC DRIVE
node,16,17,20,24
*
* 5.25" Fixed Disc LU's (9133/4 XV) Aux disk for updates
node,21,22,23
*
*
end,,,node list
*****
end;---- interrupt table
*
*****
* Memory Allocation
*****
*
clas 10
resn 10
id 20
rs 0
sm 4096
sl 0_0
bg 30
qu 300 50
sp 0
mb 500,_
us 3
lb
*
For DSI, mb should be about 500
EX
LI,WELCOME1.CMD
* welcome1.cmd
MD /USER
*
* ENABLING MUX TERMINALS
CN 31 30B 152331B
CN 32 30B 152332B
* Schedule primary program
* CN 31 20B C131
CN 32 20B C132
* Schedule secondary program
* CN 1 40B What_?
* CN 31 40B What_?
* CN 32 40B What_?
*
RU,CLEAR1
RU,DATE
RU,CLEAR31
RU,INITIAL
* RU, MENU
EX
2-22-8

```

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**Data Logger for the 34-Meter
Vertical Axis Wind Turbine Test Bed**

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ABSTRACT

This report discusses the purpose and requirements that were established for the data logger at the 34-m diameter, research-oriented vertical axis wind turbine, the Test Bed, which Sandia National Laboratories built at Bushland, Texas. The data logger is a minicomputer-based system that collects data from 35 channels, displays the collected data, and records them on a hard disc. Both the hardware and software that make up the data logger are also described, and the operator's instructions and the operating system commands and procedure files are appended. The data logger is used to obtain long-term data to characterize the wind at the site of the turbine, record the performance data of the control system, obtain a continuous record of events at the test site, consolidate displays for the test engineer, and provide a display of current information for visitors to the site.

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